

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to the Republican Policy of Fraternity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

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Antioch, Illinois, Thursday, August 29, 1901.

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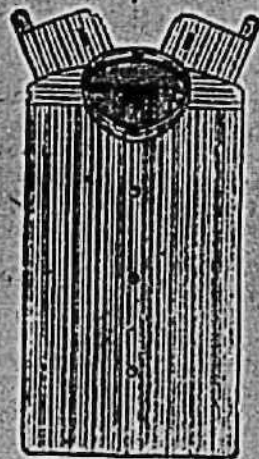


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method. Calls answered day or night. Lady assistant.

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Antioch and Lake Villa.

THE PROLIFIC FLY.

The Multiplication of Most Flies Goes
on Rapidly.

Flies multiply at a prodigious rate. Given a temperature sufficiently high to hatch the eggs, their numbers are only limited by the amount of food available for them. Linnaeus is credited with the saying that three meat flies, by reason of their rapid multiplication, would consume a dead horse quicker than would a lion, and the fact that certain diptera having some outward resemblance to the honey bee lay their eggs in the dead carcasses of animals probably led Samson and Virgil to make erroneous statements with regard to the genesis of honey and the manufacture of bees. The breeding of "gentles" for ground bait is an industry the practitioners of which could probably give much information as to the nicety of choice expressed by flies in selecting material for feeding and egg laying. According to Packard the house fly makes selection of horse dung by preference for ovipositing, and as each female lays about 120 eggs and the cycle of changes from egg to fly is completed in less than three weeks, it seems probable that a female fly might have some 25,000,000 descendants in the course of a hot summer. Other varieties of flies multiply, I believe, still more rapidly. As flies multiply upon and in organic refuse of every kind, it is obvious that the sooner such refuse is placed where it cannot serve for the feeding and hatching of flies the more likely is the plague to be lessened. The most commonly available method for the bestowal of organic refuse is burial. The egg laying of flies in dead carcasses commences at the very instant of death, or even before death in the case of entombed animals.—The Lancet.

LIKES THE PROBLEM PLAY.

It Has One Virtue in the Opinion of a
Young Man.

"They can say what they like of the problem play," said Reggie, "but it's been a good friend to us fellows that haven't much money to spend on other people. Why, before the problem play came into existence a chap was expected to take the girls to the theater to see all the new things, and, of course, in many cases that meant the girl's mother, too, and supper for three after the play and a carriage, and, by Jove, to do that twice a week made a big hole in a fellow's allowance. But the playwright fellows got wicked and wrote frisky pieces and now one can go alone or stay away altogether, just as one pleases. It's a case of free country and rights of the individual. We owe those dramatic chaps a big debt and we ought to be grateful. No one expects us to invite the girls, with or without their mammas, to see shocking plays. I don't suppose the mammas would mind going if we asked them, but the girls won't go, principally because they've already seen the plays at matinees and secondly because it looks and sounds bad to go with a young man to see a play that the ministers are denouncing. Of course some of the girls would go, but they don't expect you to ask 'em, and I don't. For my part I hope the plays will continue to be shocking, at least until my allowance is increased twofold, for with bouquets and studio teas and country clubs and bridge I don't know how I ever should be able to keep out of Ludlow street jail if it were not for the present tendency toward naughtiness in the drama."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

At French and German Universities.

German universities had in the late winter semester between them 34,363 students, an increase of 1,010 over last year. Their order remains unchanged, Berlin leading with 6,871; then Munich 4,184; Leipzig, 3,580; Bonn, 1,197; Halle, 1,731; Breslau, 1,638; down to Jena, 631; and Rostock, 512. Theology claims 8,911; law, 9,511; medicine, 7,113 and the philosophical faculty, 12,778. Under the last are now included students of pharmacy, of agriculture, of forestry, of dentistry and of veterinary science. The number of students in the French universities is 29,901; Paris naturally leads with 12,289, then come Lyons, 2,458; Toulouse, 2,190; and Bordeaux, 2,119. Of these 9,739 study law, 8,393 medicine, 2,868 pharmacy, 3,762 are enrolled in the philosophical faculty and 3,164 in the scientific.

A Census of Smiths.

Approximately, there are now living in the United Kingdom 500,000 persons named Smith, I. e.:

Smiths.
In England and Wales there are 410,000
In Scotland there are 60,000
In Ireland there are 30,000

In the United Kingdom there are 500,000
Some genius of computation has figured out that if all the males of the earth were enrolled there would be an army of 7,000,000 Smiths among them. Estimating the feminine Smiths to be as many, the world has 14,000,000 living Smiths.

A Swift-Flying Star.

A faint star in the Great Bear, known as "1830 Groombridge," is famous among astronomers on account of its rapid motion. Recently a new computation of its velocity has been made by Professor Campbell, of the Lick Observatory. He estimates its speed across the line of sight from the earth at 150 miles per second. At the same time it is drawing nearer the earth at the rate of 58 or 60 miles per second. But its distance is so great that light, moving 186,300 miles per second, requires more than 23 years to pass from the star to the earth. The spectrum of "1830 Groombridge" bears much resemblance to that of the sun.

Astounded the Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles she is entirely well; can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Hill's.

Texas Becoming Gay.

Texas is becoming very gay. State Geologist Dumble has disclosed to the people of that state sources of mineral wealth that are astounding. He says that in one county alone, that of Cherokee, there are 600,000,000 tons of rich iron ore in sight, and that in east Texas, as a whole, there are 3,000,000,000 tons. And by the side of this ore lies all the coal necessary to work the ore into shape. The geologist makes the flat statement that "no country in the world has cheaper material for something iron than east Texas."

Their Secret Is Out.

AH Sadeville, Ky., was curious to learn the case of the vast improvement in the health of Mrs. S. P. Whittaker, who had for a long time endured untold suffering from a chronic bronchial trouble. "It's all due to Dr. King's New Discovery," writes her husband. "It completely cured her and also cured our little grand-daughter of a severe attack of Whooping Cough." It positively cures Coughs, Colds, La Grip, Bronchitis, all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at Hill's drug store.

Hot Weather Stops Watches.

A clerk in a jewelry store says: Excessively hot weather stops watches that are wound up and are supposed to be in good running order. During three days this summer, fifty people brought their watches into our store because they stopped. In nearly every instance it was found that the mainspring was broken. It is always so when the temperature gets up around the hundred mark and stays there for several days.—Indianapolis News.

P. T. Thomas, Sumpterville, Ala.: "I was suffering from dyspepsia when I commenced taking Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I took several bottles and can digest anything. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only preparation containing all the natural digestive fluids. It gives weak stomachs entire rest, restoring their natural condition. W. T. Hill.

A Mouse Cake.

A chocolate cake covered with white mice is sure to be hailed with appreciation by the youngsters at a child's party. A jayer cake with chocolate icing should be used. The mice are made of marshmallows, pinched into shape and finished with white icing for tails and chocolate dots for eyes.

What A Tale It Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Hill's drug store.

Decay Infects Good Lumber.

Experienced lumbermen say that in the process of seasoning wood should be occasionally repiled and decayed or defective pieces removed, lest they infect the others.

Eruptions, cuts, burns, scalds and sores of all kinds quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Certain cure for piles. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you get the original—DeWitt's. W. T. Hill.

"Wind Shakes" in Trees.

"Wind shakes" are circular cracks in a tree separating the different layers. They are supposed to be caused by wind and greatly injure the lumber made from such a tree.

Are you running for office this year? No, you durn fool! I'm running to Hill's drug store for a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin to cure this indigestion.

Great Bargains in Summer Goods

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
The Biggest and Finest Assortment in Antioch.

Lawns, Dimities, India Linen, Corset Covers, Chemise, White Underskirts, Embroideries, and Night Gowns
At Very Low Prices.

LADIES WRAPPERS—A new stock just received from New York. Call and see them.

WALL PAPER—We are closing out wall paper at cost. Come and get a bargain.

MEN'S OVERSHIRTS—The latest colors and make, at a cut price.

CORSETS—We have fine line of the latest millinery form of corsets. They are the Royal Worster and Bon Ton; a perfect fitting corset.

MEN'S HATS—A full line and the latest styles.

COHN & LEVIN, Wilton blk, Antioch

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Fresh Bread, Cakes and Rolls
Every Day.

Leave your order for anything you may wish specially made which will receive prompt attention. Goods made in first-class style. Come and give me your trade and get the best.

Be up-to-date and eat up-to-date goods, and the only way to do it is to trade with

Fred. L. Thorn.

Max. J. Huber,

Practical Painter,

ANTIOCH, ILL.

Carriage Painting, Paper Hanging, Calcomining, &c

We are now prepared to attend to anything in the above line

MESSRS. HUBER BROTHERS, on account of the large increase in their business, have bought the adjoining shop and are prepared with lots of room to store buggies. Remember the fairs are coming and you will want your old buggy to look like new. You are especially invited to call and see samples of work at the shop.

NORTHERN WISCONSIN DEVELOPMENT

That rapidly developing territory which occupies the northern half of Wisconsin is not new enough to cause the hardships and vicissitudes of frontier life and old enough to keep away the intending settler on account of exorbitant land prices. It is in that stage of partial development which gives great opportunity to bring it to the point of perfection and prosperity. Schools and other improvements are going in. All that is needed is a small capital. Brawn and brain, pushed by push and energy, will do the rest. For more, mail, knollin and clay beds the timber and the rich soil, give equal opportunity to the settler and the manufacturer. Land is cheap and can be purchased on easy terms.

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offers facilities for the quick and cheap transportation of its products and as the line penetrates to the very center of this vast northern territory, choice of location is not confined to any one particular locality. Interesting pamphlets and maps fully describing this beautiful and rich country can be obtained by addressing

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Graduated at Chicago Musical College. Will accept a limited time of singing Vocal; or Piano instruction. Antioch, Ill.

The Doctor's Dilemma

By Hesba Stretton

CHAPTER XVIII.—(Continued.)

"Why, Martin," she said, averting her face from me, "you know I should never consent to marry you, with the idea of your caring most for that girl. No, I could never do that. If I believed you would ever think of me as you used to do before you saw her, well, I would keep true to you. But is there any hope of that?"

"Let us be frank with one another," I answered. "tell me, is there any one else whom you would marry? If I released you from this promise, which was only given, perhaps, to soothe my mother's last hours?"

"Yes," answered Johanna, whilst Julia hid her face in her hands, "she would marry my brother."

Captain Carey! I fairly gasped for breath. Such an idea had never occurred to me, though I knew she had been spending most of her time with the Careys at the Vale. Captain Carey, I married and to marry Julia! To go and live in our house! I was struck dumb, and I had heard wrongly. The subject was eminently disagreeable to me, and I had no wish to pursue it with him. "Ay, she will make him a happy man," he continued mockingly; "you are not yourself married, I believe, Dr. Martin Dobree?"

I took no notice whatever of his remark, but passed on to formal inquiries concerning his health. My close study of his malady helped me here. I could assist him to describe and localize his symptoms, and I soon found that the disease was in a very early stage.

"You have a better grip of it than Lowry," he said. "I feel as if I were

"He will see you," she said, crying me herself with a steady gaze of curiosity.

I was anxious to see Olivia's husband, partly from the intense aversion I felt instinctively toward him. He was lying back in an old, worn-out easy-chair, with a woman's shawl thrown across his shoulders, for the night was chilly. His face had the first sickly hue and emaciation of the disease, and was probably refined by it. It was a handsome, regular, well-cut face, narrow across the brows, with thin firm lips, and eyes perfect in shape, but cold and glittering as steel. I knew afterward that he was fifteen years older than Olivia. Across his knees lay a shaggy, starved-looking cat, which he held fast, and entertained himself by teasing and tormenting it. He scrutinized me as keenly as I did him.

"I believe we are in some sort connected, Dr. Martin Dobree," he said; my half-sister, Kate Daintrey, is married to your father, Dr. Dobree."

"Yes," I answered shortly. The subject was eminently disagreeable to me, and I had no wish to pursue it with him. "Ay, she will make him a happy man," he continued mockingly; "you are not yourself married, I believe, Dr. Martin Dobree?"

I took no notice whatever of his remark, but passed on to formal inquiries concerning his health. My close study of his malady helped me here. I could assist him to describe and localize his symptoms, and I soon found that the disease was in a very early stage.

"You have a better grip of it than Lowry," he said. "I feel as if I were

"I will do my best," I answered.

"So you all say," he muttered, "and the best is generally good for nothing. You see I care less about getting over it than my wife does. She is very anxious for my recovery."

"Your wife!" I repeated in utter surprise. "You are Richard Foster, I believe?"

"Certainly," he replied.

"Does your wife know of your present illness?" I inquired.

"To be sure," he answered; "let me introduce you to Mrs. Richard Foster."

The woman looked at me with flashing eyes and a mocking smile, while Mr. Foster indulged himself with exhorting a long and plaintive mew from the poor cat on his knees.

"I cannot understand," I said. I did not know how to continue my speech. Though they might choose to pass as husband and wife among strangers, they could hardly expect to impose upon me.

"Ah! I see you do not," said Mr. Foster, with a visible sneer. "Olivia is dead."

"Olivia dead!" I exclaimed.

"You were not aware of it?" he said. "I am afraid I have been too sudden. Kate tells us you were in love with my first wife, and sacrificed a most eligible match for her. Would it be too late to open fresh negotiations with your consanguinity? You see I know all your family history."

"When did Olivia die?" I inquired, though my tongue felt dry and parched, and the room, with its scented air, was swimming giddily before my eyes.

"When was it, Carry?" he asked, turning to his wife.

"We heard she was dead on the first of October," she answered. "You married me the next day."

"Ah, yes!" he said; "Olivia had been dead to me for more than twelve months, and the moment I was free I married her, Dr. Martin. It was legal."

"But what proof have you?" I asked still incredulous, yet with a heart so heavy that it could hardly raise itself to hope.

"Garry, you have those letters," said Richard Foster.

"Here are the proofs," said Mrs. Foster.

She put into my hand an ordinary certificate of death, signed by J. Jones, M. D. It stated that the deceased, Olivia Foster, had died on September the 27th, of acute inflammation of the lungs. Accompanying this was a letter written in a good handwriting, purporting to be from a clergyman or minister, who had attended Olivia in her fatal illness. He said that she had desired him to keep the place of her death and burial a secret, and to forward no more than the official certificate of the former event. This letter was signed D. Jones. No clue was given by either document as to the place where they were written.

"Are you not satisfied," asked Foster.

"No," I replied. "How is it, Olivia?"

"I reached home just as Jack was coming in from his evening amusement, and let me in with his latch-key, giving me a cheery greeting; but as soon as we had entered the dining-room, and he saw my face, he exclaimed, 'Good heavens! Martin, what has happened to you?'

"Olivia is dead!" I answered.

His arm was about my neck in a moment, for we were like boys together still, when we were alone. He knew all about Olivia, and he waited patiently till I could put my tidings into words.

"It must be true," he said, though in a doubtful tone; "the second would not have married again if he had not sufficient proof."

"She must have died very soon after my mother," I answered, "and I never knew it."

"It's strange," he said. "I wonder she never got anybody to write to you or Karl."

"There was no way of accounting for that strange silence toward us. We sat talking in short, broken sentences; but we could come to no conclusion about it. It was late, when we parted; and I went to bed, but not to sleep."

Upon going downstairs in the morning I found that Jack was already off, having left a short note for me, saying he would visit my patients that day. I had scarcely begun breakfast when the servant announced "a lady," and as the lady followed close upon his heels, I saw behind his shoulder the familiar face of Johanna, looking extremely grave. "She was soon seated beside me, watching me with something of the tender, wistful gaze of my mother."

"Your friend, Dr. John Senior, called upon us a short time since," she said, "and told us this sad, sad news."

I nodded silently.

"If we had only known it yesterday," she continued, "you would never have heard what we then said. This makes so vast a difference. Julia could not have become your wife while there was another woman living whom you loved more."

"You understand her feeling?"

"Yes," I said; "Julia is right."

"My brother and I have been talking about the change this will make," she resumed. "He would not let you of any consolation or of any future happiness; not for worlds, he said, would he claim to or hope of Julia's affection."

In dead, that you have not taken possession of her property?"

"A shrewd question," he said, frowning.

"Why am I in these cursed poor lodgings? Why am I as poor as Job, when there are twenty thousand pounds of my wife's estate lying unclaimed? My sweet, angelic Olivia left no will, or none in my favor, you may be sure; and by her father's will, if she dies intestate or without children, her property goes to build almshouses, or some confounded nonsense, in Melbourne. All she bequeaths to me is this ring, which I gave to her on our wedding day, curse her!"

He held out his hand, on the little finger of which shone a diamond, that might, as far as I knew, be the one I had once seen in Olivia's possession.

"Perhaps you do not know," he continued, "that it was on this very point, the making of her will, or securing property to me in some way, that my wife took offense and ran away from me. Carry was just a little too hard upon her, and I was away in Paris. But consider, I expected to be left penniless, just as you see me left, and Carry was determined to prevent it."

"Then you are sure of her death?" I said.

"So sure," he replied calmly, "that we were married the next day. Olivia's letter to me, as well as those papers, was conclusive of her identity. Would you like to see it?"

Mrs. Foster gave me a slip of paper, on which were written a few lines. The words looked faint, and grew fainter to my eyes as I read them. They were without doubt Olivia's writing.

"I know that you are poor, and I send you all I can spare—the ring you once gave to me. I am even poorer than yourself, but I have just enough for my last necessities."

There was no more to be said or done. Conviction had been brought home to me. I rose to take my leave, and Foster held out his hand to me, perhaps with a kindly intention. Olivia's ring was glittering on it, and I could not take it into mine.

"Well, well!" he said. "I understand; I am sorry for you. Come again, Dr. Martin Dobree. If you know of any remedy for my case, you are no true man if you do not try it."

I went down the narrow staircase,

"That would be unjust to Julia," I interrupted. "She must not be sacrificed to me any longer. I do not suppose I shall ever marry."

"You must marry, Martin," she interrupted in her turn, and speaking emphatically; "you are altogether unfitted for a bachelor's life. It is all very well for Dr. John Senior, who has never known a woman's companionship, and who can do without it. But it is misery to you—this cold, colorless life. No. Of all men I ever knew, you are the least fitted for a single life."

"Perhaps I am," I admitted, as I recalled my longing for some sign of womanhood about our bachelor dwelling.

(To be continued.)

NOAH'S ARK A MODERN SHIP.

Proof that the Shipbuilding Industry Flourished Before His Time.

Another popular notion has been upset. For centuries it has been supposed that Father Noah was the first shipbuilder of the world and that the ark in which he saved his family from drowning was the first vessel that "plowed the raging main." This supposition has been found to be erroneous, for there exist paintings of Egyptian vessels immensely older than the date 2840 B. C., usually assigned to the ark, being, indeed, probably between seven and eight centuries old. Moreover, there are signs in existence in Egypt of boats which were built about the period the ark was constructed. These are, however, small craft, about thirty-three feet long, seven feet or eight feet wide, and two and a half feet to three feet deep. They were discovered six years ago by the eminent French Egyptologist, M. J. De Morgan, in brick vaults near Cairo and were probably funeral boats.

They are constructed of three-inch acacia and sycamore planks, dovetailed together and fastened with trenails. They have floors but no ribs, and though nearly 5,000 years old they held together after their supports had been removed. These boats may be considered side by side with the better known, but much more modern, Viking ship, which is now to be seen in a shed at Christiana. This craft was discovered in 1880 in a funeral mound, so that we owe both these existing examples of extremely ancient ships to the funeral customs of countries so dissimilar as Egypt and Norway.

Heron Nests in the Maine Woods.

There are three known heron colonies in New England. One of them is on the plantation just to the north of Sebastic Lake. On a point of land reaching out into the pond is a growth of tall silver birches, and there are at least 100 nests in the tops of these trees. The trees are tall, without limbs for forty feet or more from the ground. It is a well known fact that herons never build a nest in a tree with limbs much less than forty feet from the earth. The nests are constructed from small sticks, some up to an inch in diameter. The nest is at least two feet across, and the eggs are a trifle smaller than a hen's egg, and of a pale blue color. The old birds go long distances on their foraging trips, in some cases forty and fifty miles. The birds of this species about Moosehead Lake and around the ponds miles to the south all make their way to this particular colony at night. Standing on the point one can see the birds coming from all directions during the period in which they feed their young.—New York Tribune.

Java's Great Explosion.

Dr. Eugene Murray Aaron calls the eruption of the volcano Krakatau in Java "the greatest explosion of modern times." He says:

"It is quite safe to say, when we are asked the question as to which of all the mighty manifestations of God's power in this world this far within the ken of science has been the most stupendous, the most all-overwhelming, that the terrific annihilation of Krakatau, in 1883, surpasses all else. A smoke that encircled the globe, a wave that traveled 7,500 miles, a sound heard 3,000 miles afar and an air shock hurled thrice around the earth—what more can be sought as testimony to the pent-up energies beneath our very feet?"

The Densest Population.

The greatest density of the population in the world is claimed for Bombay, and is only disputed by Agra. The population of Bombay amounts to 700 persons per acre in certain areas, and in these sections the street area only occupies one-fourth of the whole. If the entire population massed in the streets for any purpose, the density would equal 3,040 persons per acre.

Clock for Theatrical Use.

To facilitate the different numbers of a program a newly designed clock has a rotatable dial plate, which can be perforated at the proper places to engage hooked rods which fall into the holes in the dial, and are pulled a short distance to make electrical connections with bells or indicators located in convenient places.

A New Gun.

A centrifugal gun, discharging 30,000 bullets a minute, has been invented by an English engineer. The bullets are poured into a case from a hopper, and guided into a disk three feet in diameter, revolving in the case at the rate of 15,000 revolutions a minute. They are discharged from the edge of the disk.

Man's Temperature.

Man's ordinary temperature is 98.6 degrees when in good health; that of a snail 70 degrees, and of a chicken 111 degrees.

We have remarked that soon after it is announced that a man seems to drink at the fountain of perpetual youth he dies.

The most successful nation is determined.

ILLINOIS INCIDENTS.

SOBER OR STARTLING, FAITHFULLY RECORDED.

Want More Stringent Insurance Laws.

Will County Board Taxes Grain in Warehouse—Railway Station Robbed—Gives Life to Save That of a Boy.

The advance text of part second of the insurance report of the State, dealing with life, casualty and insurance companies, assessment associations and fraternal societies, has been issued. The important feature of the report is a demand for more stringent laws regulating the fraternal insurance societies of the State, in which over 500,000 citizens of the State are insured. "The State has by statute required these societies to report annually their condition and transactions to the department," says the report, "and has enacted certain regulations for the government of their business. But these laws are inadequate for such measure of supervision as looks to the ability of the society to fulfill its obligations in the future. There is not even a test of present solvency established. A society encounters no obstacle in delaying the payment of claims and permitting an amount of unpaid losses to accumulate until so large that it is beyond the ability of the members to respond to assessments necessary to meet them. No emergency fund is required. In many cases rates so low were adopted at organization as to lead one to conclude that the law of mortality was construed as containing an exemption applicable to fraternal societies. A reluctance to encounter the criticisms and vexations liable to follow a rise of rates or an increase in assessments causes the managers to put off this necessary action, and, in the meantime the amount of unpaid death claims continues to grow. This condition was strikingly illustrated during the year by the failure of one of the largest societies in the State."

Tax Grain in Warehouse.

The board of review of Will County has made a ruling which, if upheld by the State Auditor, may make it possible for the various assessing bodies of the State to assess all the grain stored in warehouses on the 1st day of April last, regardless of the date that the grain was merely held in transit. The board, after a thorough investigation, decided to assess the Chicago firm of Bartlett, Frazier & Co. for grain to the amount of \$77,810 found in their elevator in Joliet last April. Attorney George P. Merriock, of Chicago, protested against this step, claiming the grain was in transit and did not belong to the elevator firm. The board could find no other ownership and will hold Bartlett, Frazier & Co. for the assessment, which will amount to over \$1,000. The elevator company declares it will appeal the case to the court of last resort.

Terrorize Police of Guilena.

An organization of hoodlums known as "The Lax Eight" has been the terror of police in Guilena for years. All kinds of depredations have been committed by the members, until the citizens are talking of using the methods of the vigilance committee so prominent in frontier places to break up the gang. The other night members of this gang assaulted a belated lady and gentleman while they were passing through Grant Park, in the heart of the city. Menaced by four guns, J. H. Smith, a commercial traveler of Chicago, was compelled to flee for his life, leaving the lady at the mercy of the ruffians. After they had severely beaten her, the gang was dispersed and she was rescued by the police and residents adjacent to the park.

Gives Life in Rescue of Boy.

Mrs. Martha A. Baxter, of Pawnee, president of the Illinois department of the Women's Relief Corps, an auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic, died the death of a heroine. She was attacked by a vicious bull dog and received fatal injuries. Mrs. Baxter received her wounds in an effort to protect a 10-year-old boy from the brute. The two had started to call upon a sick neighbor when the dog made a rush for the lad. Mrs. Baxter threw herself between him and the maddened animal. She was knocked down and horribly mutilated before she was rescued by a neighbor who responded to her cries for assistance.

Plan College for Negroes.

Indications point to the opening the present fall of the new industrial colored college near Eldorado. The school is modeled after the famous Tuskegee, Ala., school, of which Prof. Booker T. Washington is president, and will be the second of its kind in the United States and the first distinctive colored college in Illinois. Over one year ago the Cuba Libre Association, a chartered institution, of which J. A. Alston is president, took hold of the enterprise and has succeeded in purchasing a farm on which is a large dwelling and with only a small indebtedness. The association expects to clear the enterprise of debt and later hopes to secure State aid.

Loots Station at Denison.

The station at Denison, on the Paducah division of the Illinois Central Railway, was robbed the other night by a lone highwayman. During the temporary absence of the agent, the robber rifled the money drawer. When he began work on the safe the agent made his appearance. The agent was met by two revolvers and ordered to keep quiet while the work was being done, the safe opened, and contents extracted. The next morning officers were put on the trail and Fred Watson was placed under arrest. Special Agent Peak, of Carbondale, secured from the man a complete confession, giving the details of the crime.

All Over the State.

Chicago postoffice reports show a big increase in the volume of business for July.

Attendance at the Chicago University, according to the annual catalogue, was 8,722 last year.

Two Chicago banks have adopted a plan of weighing and sorting gold coins by electric machinery.

Mrs. Stevenson, cousin of "Dr." Dowle, ignored him in her will, leaving her \$50,000 estate to husband.

Methodists at Odell plan building a \$17,000 church.

Owing to crop failures the Homer fair may be omitted.

Four women bent a Chicago market and caused its arrest.

In Peoria, Charles Olson fired a bullet through his brain, dying instantly.

The State Federation of Women's Clubs will meet at Decatur, Oct. 14 to 18.

L. J. Smitherman & Son's flouring mill at Milford was destroyed by fire. Insurance \$35,000.

Charles Hake, a farmer near Red Bud, was overcome by foul air while cleaning a well and died.

Heavy rainfall is reported generally over southern and central Illinois, where the drought has existed since July 4.

The will of the late A. A. Ryder, of Marengo, providing that the village after a term of years shall receive \$25,000 for a public library.

John Brayford, a wealthy gardener residing on the banks of the Calumet River near Blue Island, was fatally stung by a swarm of bees he was tending.

Fifty divorce suits were filed for the August term of the Christian County Circuit Court. Twenty-nine of the suits are brought by women and twenty-one by men.

William Berry Harris, aged about 55 years, a farmer near Ramsey, committed suicide by taking strychnine. He left a letter saying ill health was the only cause.

At Herrin, St. Mary's Catholic Church was dedicated here with impressive ceremonies. The venerable Bishop of Jackson, of Belleville, conducted the service of blessing the church.

John Waldecker, aged 23, a farmer of Kankakee Township, across into the other night to get a bottle of medicine. By mistake he got hold of a bottle of carbolic acid, took a large dose and within ten minutes was dead.

Mrs. James V. Simral, wife of a traveling man, was killed at Decatur. She was driving in a buggy when the horse took fright and she jumped from the vehicle. She struck her head on the pavement and died almost instantly.

After living the lone life of a bachelor for over seventy years Dr. John P. Dement, a wealthy and prominent citizen, has gone into his first matrimonial venture by marrying Mrs. Anna Miller, only a few years his junior.

Lester Shan, 18 years old, died at the Emergency Hospital, in Chicago, as the result of injuries received while on board the steamer City of Milwaukee. He was struck by a beam and his skull was fractured. The boy was a member of the choir of thirty-five boys of Bartholomew's Church starting on an excursion to St. Joseph.

Eighty acres of coal land, bought many years ago by former Governor Clifton of Massachusetts, are involved in a controversy before the Will County board of Review, which will reach the courts. James Martin, former county treasurer, bought the land last year at \$10 an acre. He discovered that it had been assessed at \$37.50 an acre. Attorney General Hamilton upholds this assessment.

The county board of supervisors met at Carmi and offered a reward of \$800 for the arrest and conviction of the party who sent an infernal machine to Sheriff Ackerman. A man giving his name as Sanders was arrested at Grayville, on suspicion and taken to Evansville, Ind., for identification. Sanders had been arrested and put in jail some time since for a minor offense by Sheriff Ackerman and had been released afterward.

The entire portion of that part of the State is excited over the discovery that Bernhard Worth, an uncouth, unlearned German farmer, has the power to heal by simply laying his hands on the afflicted ones and muttering a few mysterious words. Worth lives in a squalid cabin in a secluded part of a swamp south of Rock Falls, which is a Mecca for hundreds of sick pilgrims, and his appearance in Rock Falls has at times almost stopped business. He discovered his power by accidentally placing his hands on a sick child's head. He is already hailed as a divine healer and a new sect is rapidly building up around him. He absolutely refuses all pay for his services.

The Chicago "Hummer," the Alton fast passenger and mail train between Chicago and Kansas City, was wrecked at Prentice. The engineer and fireman were instantly killed, five passengers were seriously injured and twenty-five others suffered injuries. Both locomotives and two coaches were demolished. The dead are Thomas Sheehan, engineer, and John Adams, fireman. A north-bound freight train had been side-tracked at Prentice to allow the "Hummer" to pass. Engineer Wood of the freight was busy jolting his engine when the passenger train came into sight. An explosive exhaust of the cylinder forced the freight engine ahead, so that it passed out upon the main line just as the passenger train whirled past at sixty miles an hour.

Two strangers brought the news to Nashville of the death of Fred Brink, residing about nine miles northeast of that city. According to their story they were passing the Brink home when their attention was attracted by the cry of "Help." Going to the house, they were directed to the barn, where they found the body of Brink lying between two rows of stalls with his forehead split open. On the opposite side of the hallway was an ax, with which, seemingly, the deed had been done. Brink was convulsing from an attack of typhoid fever, and suicide induced by temporary insanity is one theory advanced as the cause of his death. The fact that the ax was found at such a distance from the body and that no bloodstains were noticeable on the floor between the body and the ax causes the idea of suicide to be abandoned and the theory of murder to be advanced.

Miss Moulton, daughter of Col. Atouton, of Chicago, inspector of life practice, was painfully injured in a fall from a horse at Camp Lincoln, Springfield.

Superintendent Stoneburner, of the Omaha, Kansas City and Eastern Railroad states that the report that the Washburn would secure control of the Omaha and St. Louis line shortly was correct.

Colin Campbell, son of a wealthy farmer at Mackinac, found the body of his brother, A. T. Campbell, in the operating room at Rush Medical College in Chicago. The discovery came on the night of several weeks for the missing relative.



TEASING AND TORMENTING.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

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By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.
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ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

Hon. H. Payne, vice chairman of the Republican National Committee who has just returned from Europe, is a vigorous shouter for the curative powers of the Carlsbad waters, which he has just tested. He says he feels like a new man, except for a few twangs of rheumatic gout. Of business conditions in Europe Mr. Payne said: "The Yankees are certainly making it warm for the Europeans everywhere."

Admiral Schley may well pray to be delivered from his fool friends, especially those who are trying to make it appear that he was persecuted because he was a southerner and a democrat. Gen. Fitz Lee and Joe Wheeler are both southerners and democrats. Have they been persecuted by the republican administration?

Well, Well! The world must certainly be getting better by big jumps. The Mexican government has declared open war on gambling and will license no more public gambling houses; has notified all army officers and civil employees that instant dismissal will follow if they are caught in a gambling establishment.

Who says the Spanish are all behind the age? A Madrid footpad carried an electrical battery so arranged as to give a severe shock to any person he shook hands with, and robbed his victim before he recovered from the shock. That man has ingenuity enough to be a yellow reporter.

Although Congress specifically declared several years ago that the working force of the Library of Congress should not be under civil service rules, the Civil Service Commission in its annual report recommends that the library employees be put in the classified service.

General McArthur, just from the Philippines, says: "A very satisfactory condition exists in the islands. It is not perfect, of course. The insurrection is almost entirely extinguished, there being only a very few groups of armed insurgents still at large."

Minister Conger is back at his post in Berlin, but those democratic editors who were so cock-sure when he came home that he had been recalled in disgrace and would not be allowed to return are not saying anything about it.

The people of this country are not to be misled by the yellow press; they are perfectly satisfied that President McKinley will do whatever may become necessary to protect our interests on the Isthmus of Panama.

Of course the British steel makers sympathize with our steel strikers; the more serious our strike becomes the more profitable it will be to the British steel makers. Plain as a, b, c, isn't it?

The Spanish Minister is trying to find out whether the strike agitators driven out of Tampa, Fla., by the citizens, were Spanish subjects. If they were, he will ask damages for them.

As showing how fast Porto Rico is becoming Americanized it is stated that baseball has succeeded cock-fighting as the most popular sport in nearly all of the towns on the island.

The members of the medical profession are deeply interested in an experiment for the cure of lock-jaw, by an injection of rabbit brains, now being made in a St. Louis hospital.

Admiral Cervera showed more good sense in declining to express an opinion on the Sampson-Schley controversy than the Philadelphia editor who requested him to do so.

The modesty of the sister of Charity who rescued a drowning woman at Rockaway Beach, N. Y., and declined to give her name to reporters was as commendable as rare.

Germany's proposed new tariff is now regarded as nothing more than a bluff, made to help along the negotiation of reciprocity treaties.

The Pennsylvania republican state convention was entirely harmonious thus radically differing from the democratic convention.

Now that Ecuador has joined in the Colombia-Venezuela scrap, it may be called a game of cocked hat.

The West Point cadets are doing the Buffalo exposition and doubtless getting home by the fall.

The Washington Post took two-thirds of a column to tell Mr. Bryan "the leader of the nation."

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Grayslake Local.

Mrs. N. Smith is entertaining a sister from Iowa.

Mrs. Stevens is entertaining a niece from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Higley drove to Zion City Sunday.

Mrs. E. B. Sherman entertained friends from Wheeling over Sunday.

Miss Maud Turner is spending a few days with her parents at Antioch.

Miss Ettie Farr accompanied Miss Godfrey home from Russell on Sunday.

Many of our citizens attended the reunion at Wauconda this week.

Mr. Springs daughter and Mrs. Davies who has been very ill is gradually improving.

On account of the storm the 22nd the Prohibition picnic was postponed until Sept. 14th.

August Hintz has rented a place in Waukegan and will move his family to that city Tuesday.

Mrs. W. Harvey has been entertaining a number of friends and relatives from Chicago the past week.

We are sorry to report that other members of Mr. Wilkinson's family are very ill with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Bucknam and daughter Margaret returned home Saturday from a six weeks visit to Antioch and other towns in Wis.

Mrs. O. Washburn has been entertaining her mother, Mrs. Barker, and aunt from Michigan. Also an aunt from Tennessee.

Mrs. W. Brandtetter and mother, Mrs. Esty, returned home Sunday from their trip to Denver, Col., and report an enjoyable time.

R. B. Godfrey went to Waukegan on Monday where he has accepted a position in G. R. Lyon & Sons store. He will be greatly missed here.

Mrs. McLease, of Waukegan, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. F. C. Wilbur, and while there had the misfortune to sprain her ankle, but was able to leave for her intended visit to Waukegan on Tuesday.

Mr. Toby began excavating for a residence on his lot near the tile factory, Geo. Frazier has also begun on his lot near the Wilbur Lumber Co. and will erect a building 28x40 with shop below and living rooms above.

If the action of your bowels is not easy and regular serious complaint must be the final result. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove this danger. Safe, pleasant and effective. W. T. Hill.

BRISTOL, WIS.

C. M. Bishop spent the fore part of this week in Kenosha.

Don Wicks, of Racine, Wis., spent Sunday with his family.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Watkins spent Sunday at Twin Lakes.

George R. Nixon spent Wednesday of last week at Zion City.

Miss Emma Lacey, of Chicago, is visiting her cousin, Gracie Ellis.

Charles Cotting, of Red Cloud, Neb., is visiting his mother and sister.

E. S. Castle shipped a car load of hogs and cattle Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Lucinda Tillotson is spending the week at the home of Mrs. C. B. Gaines.

Mark Castle spent the latter part of last week with his brother Harry in Chicago.

A Upton, who has been confined to the house for the past two months, is able to be out again.

Miss Mable Clapp, of Austin, Ill., visited with Mrs. Florence Ellis the latter part of last week.

Mrs. M. C. Merrick, of Chicago, spent Wednesday of last week with her brother, Albert Bothlemy.

Miss Addie Barter, of Pleasant Prairie, spent the fore part of the week at the home of Dr. F. E. Stevens.

A night operator has been stationed at Bristol. A. E. Tarbell, of Woodworth, has secured the position.

Miss Beatie Whithor and Fred Reynolds, of Kenosha, spent Sunday at the home of C. H. Murdock.

Misses Jessie and Lena Trafford, who have been visiting at Lake Villa and Volo for the past month, returned home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bothlemy spent Sunday with relatives in Chicago. W. P. Harvey

of Genoa Junction acted as agent during his absence.

The Bristol ball team played the Wesley team at Pleasant Prairie Friday of last week. Score resulted 20 to 7 in favor of Bristol. Wesley, you'll have to have more practice.

The following persons were Kenosha visitors on Saturday: Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Nelson and family, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Willett and family, Mr. and Mrs. Elwin Stonebraker and Mr. Garland and daughters, Jennie and Jessie.

James White, Bryantsville, Ind., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve healed running sores on both legs. He had suffered 6 years. Doctors failed to help him. Get DeWitt's. Accept no imitations. Sold by W. T. Hill.

GRASS LAKE.

Henry Herman took in the city last week. Mrs. William Yearger, of Waukegan, is visiting at L. A. Paddock's.

Messrs. Ames and Cribb are threshing here with their steam thresher.

The dances at Selter's are still in progress with a very large attendance.

Mrs. Carpenter, of New Castle, Col., has been visiting post-mistress Mary Allen.

Andrew Herman and wife are expected home. Their many friends will be glad to receive them.

Dr. Jamison, of Millburn, was called last week to attend a sick lady who is visiting at Chet Allen's.

Mr. and Mrs. Collins and son, of Chicago, an artist, are stopping at Herman's Bluff Lake resort.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Taylor, of Wadsworth, visited at their parents, C. Selter, and took in the dance.

Miss Ella Delaney and children are visiting at her brother's, Irving Paddock, also her father, L. A. Paddock.

Miss Katherine Dixon who has been visiting Florence Findson returned to her home at Austin, Ill., Thursday.

Prof. Ed. Rowden was elected Vice President of the Dancing Masters' Association while at Atlantic City last week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Paddock, brother of L. A. Paddock, and friend Madam and son Hoosick, who have been visiting at Paddock house returned to Chicago.

Lina Belle Little and friends Ed. Rowden and Mrs. Shank with their three sons, Ed., Russell and Carl, visited at their parents, C. B. Little's over Sunday returning Tuesday morning. Mrs. Shank, Mr. Rowden's sister, will remain all the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Love and daughter Leo and friends are still at the Queen of the West where they are summering for the fourth year. The genial hostess, Anna Herman, does credit to her hotel with the assistance of Mr. and Mrs. Barney Nabor and brother Tom Brogan.

Andrew Hannan and daughter, of Iowa, two nieces and one nephew, of Kenosha, were callers at C. B. Little's on Saturday.

Mr. Hannan and Mr. Little were school mates some thirty-five years ago. They all took a ride around Fox Lake in the steamer Alice. Mr. Hannan is on his way to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

Mrs. C. B. Little was called to Chicago very suddenly Sunday last on account of the death of a dear friend, Bella Stringfield Braden's beautiful daughter, Blossom, who died at her home 3931 Prairie avenue, August 18, 1901, at the age of 14 years. She also took Marion Braden, a sister, with her, who has been staying at C. B. Little's for the past few weeks. In the death of dear Blossom we lose one of the fairest flowers. She was simply perfect, with her blue eyes and golden hair, and a sweet, sunny disposition. To know her was to love her. She was characterized by her kindness and generosity to the old as well as the poor. To see the numerous and beautiful floral offerings, the line of carriages and special car of friends which conveyed the remains to Joliet for burial, betoken the high esteem in which she was held. Blossom Braden was the second daughter of J. C. Braden, trustee of the drainage canal. Her Uncle, Dr. P. Stringfield, with other eminent physicians and trained nurses done all in their power to save her life, but her time had come and her mission on earth ceased. She leaves to mourn her loss a father and mother, three sisters, a grandfather, two grandmothers, two uncles and an aunt of her immediate family, besides a host of friends who will ever remember her as a beautiful child. The bereaved ones have the heartiest sympathy of a friend in this their misfortune.

HICKORY, ILL.

George and Bertha Lewis are visiting at B. W. Ames'.

Rev. and Mrs. Howard are spending a few days in the country.

Mr. and Mrs. James McGuire were callers at Waukegan Monday.

Mrs. Jabez Beresford has been on the sick list but is better at present writing.

Mrs. C. C. Ames will entertain the W. C. T. U. society Saturday afternoon, Aug. 31.

Mr. and Mrs. John Solocum have been staying with their son the past week, who has been quite ill.

Mrs. C. C. Ames, E. Pollock and Eva Taylor spent a few days at Richmond visiting Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Hunter.

The C. Q. Society will meet with Mrs. Dave Pullen Wednesday, Sept. 11. Will be glad to welcome the new members.

There will be a silver medal contest by five girls Saturday, Aug. 31, at the church. The Church Improvement Society will serve ice cream and cake at the close of the contest. Everyone is cordially invited to attend. Free admission.

The Turtle's Revenge.

A restaurant keeper in Elizabeth, New Jersey, recently bought a large turtle, for future use in his business, and allowed it to crawl over the floor of the restaurant until he was ready to kill it. The principle may have been somewhat the same as that which induced the proprietors of certain French restaurants to have the cat in plain evidence when they had rabbit stew on the bill of fare, so that his customers might see that pussy was safe. In this case, however, it was the object of the proprietor to convince his patrons that the soup he served was not going to be made of mock turtle. One of his customers, having nothing better to do, began to tease the turtle, kicking it on the head and otherwise tormenting it. The creature endured for a season, but not through Christian forbearance, as the sequel shows. He was merely waiting for his chance, and that is possibly the secret of some forbearance labeled Christian on the part of human beings. When the chance came the turtle seized his tormentor by the calf of the leg, and held on as if he intended to wait until it thundered before he let go. The man was not nearly as silent under punishment as his hard-shelled victim. He set up a vigorous howl, and the proprietor came running in. Excited bystanders beat the turtle with sticks and canes, trying to make him let go, but the turtle's shell was expressly constructed for that sort of thing, and he held on. Finally the restaurant keeper struck him in the neck with an ice pick, and the situation was relieved.

The occurrence might have been used by some old-fashioned theologian as an illustration in a sermon on the total depravity of all nature, due to the curse of Adam; for it was once currently believed that in the days before the Fall every animal lived in peace and harmony with its neighbor, and none were carnivorous or vicious in any way. Geology has upset this pretty theory by showing that there were carnivorous animals on earth before the appearance of man, but the fact is that the curse of Adam or any other supernatural factor is quite unnecessary to invoke in this connection. The turtle was merely defending himself in the only way he knew, and if the man had let well enough alone he would not have been bothered.

There is in human nature altogether too much of the spirit which in this case led to such summary punishment. It exists especially among boys and young men, tho' some men old enough to know better indulge in it. They will tease and worry a dog until the animal's patience gives out, and then call the dog a vicious beast if they happen to get bitten. They will torment a horse until the animal is all a-quiver with nervousness, under pretext of training it, and if they can set a dog on some stray cat and see the cat chased up a miserably inadequate little tree, they are happy. There are few animals, especially among domesticated species, which will attack human beings if they are let alone; and there are perhaps few which will not resent continual teasing and maltreating. More than one dog has been spoiled for decent society by just this sort of thing. In pursuance of "sport" the boys who had him in charge when a puppy have encouraged him to pounce and bite until he is a terror to every timid child in the neighborhood and a nuisance to nervous adults. Then, some hot summer day, the fun goes a little far and the dog bites in earnest, and somebody has a hydrophobia scare. Unfortunately, the person bitten is not always the one who was responsible for the dog's irritable temper. In the case of the turtle vengeance overtook the right person, and nobody is likely to be particularly sorry for him, even if his victim was an unattractive member of the animal kingdom.

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Are strong points in the construction of the famous Hercules Stockings. They are absolutely fast black—in ribbed or fleece lined. Very elastic and heavy. Recommended to mothers as the best SCHOOL HOSE.

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Appeals in U. S. Courts.
There is no "United States Court of Appeals" but within a few years a United States "Circuit Court of Appeals" has been formed in each circuit, to relieve the Supreme Court of the United States of some of the less important cases that used to reach it.

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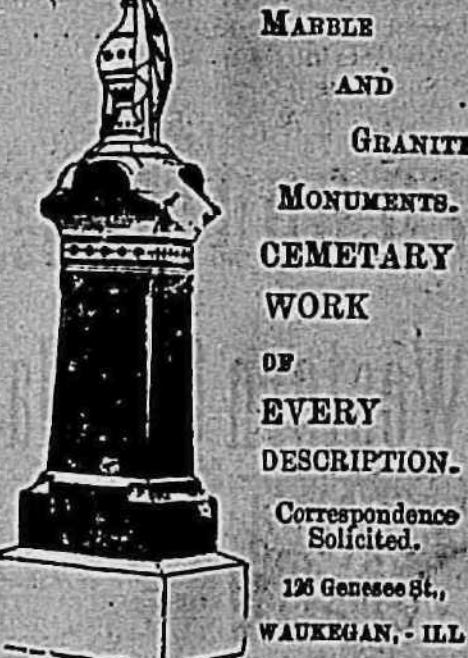
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Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental
Surgery, Philadelphia.

NOT LIKE OTHER MEN

By Frederic Van Rensselaer Dey,
Author of "The Brotherhood of Silence," "The Quality of a Sin," Etc.
Copyright, 1901, by Frederic Van Rensselaer Dey.

my true name is Lisle Barrington, or is the name Lisle also false?"

"No; that name was given to you in this room when you were a year old. You had not been named. It was necessary that you should be supplied with one in order that it might be inserted in the will. Your father's mother was a Lisle, and for that reason and also because the name is not indicative of sex you were called Lisle."

"Thank you. Now, sir—tremulously—"can you tell me about my mother?"

"Yes," replied the lawyer. He might have been a stone image for all the feeling he manifested, and yet he must have realized the heart eagerness with which Lisle asked the question.

"Will you do so, Mr. Maxwell? I would like to have you tell me as much as you can about her without question on my part."

"I will tell you all that it is necessary for me to mention. Whatever further information you require I think it best that you should obtain from her in person."

Lisle leaped to her feet in great excitement. Her agitation was so strong that for a moment she could not utter a word. At last, however, she sank back upon the chair and more to herself than to the lawyer murmured: "She lives! My mother lives! Thank God!"

"Yes," said the lawyer calmly, apparently unconscious of the effect produced by his statement, "your mother lives. Her home is not very far from here. I will give you the address when you leave me to go to her, which I suppose is your intention, but—"

"My intention?"

"But I hope that you will hear me through first. I am very glad that you are here and that it is your evident intention to atone as far as you can for the great wrong that she has suffered. I want to say to you that your father did his wife a deep injustice, and in consequence she has been a great sufferer. But she has borne it bravely and without permitting the world to know of her sorrow. She is still a beautiful woman, she enjoys good health, and she has never despaired of your return. She has always insisted that your father would send you to her when he saw death beckoning to him. She has never looked for his return. Now, Miss Barrington—Lisle started at the name so calmly uttered—"the hour is still early. As your guardian, I regard it as my duty to advise you to go to your mother at once. Such business as we have to transact can be attended to at another time. This gentleman, I have no doubt, will accompany you."

"Yes, at once—at once! I thank you, sir, in my mother's name as well as in mine. Will you go now, Craig?"

"Ready, Lisle," replied Craig, but he did not turn his head, and in another moment they were in the street, and the card upon which Daniel Maxwell had written the address was tightly held in Lisle's firm grasp.

The distance that they had to travel was not great, and it was soon covered, and during the walk not a word was spoken between them until they had mounted the steps which led to the door of the house wherein Lisle was born. Then Craig Thompson put out one hand and detained his companion.

"Wait, Lisle," he said. "There is something that I want to say to you before you ring the bell. It isn't fair that you should have too many sudden surprises in one night, and I want to prepare you for another that is to come."

"What is it, Craig?" asked Lisle.

"Do you remember that night at your home in the west when you sang to me while I sat on the veranda?"

"Yes, I remember."

"Do you remember what you sang?"

"Yes, Asher's 'Allice'."

"And how it affected me?"

"Yes."

"Do you remember what I said to you about the song at that time?"

"Not distinctly. What was it?"

"I told you that your voice sounded like my sister's. I told you that she used to sing it to me. I told you that I liked the song particularly well because its name was the same as her name—Allice. Do you remember, Lisle?"

"Yes, I remember now."

"Well, little woman, don't you see what I mean?"

"No, Craig. What do you mean?"

"This: When I went away from here 25 years ago, that sister and my worthless self were all there was left of our family. I went away, an outlaw, with state's prison staring me in the face, and it broke her heart. I wrote to her, and she begged me to return, and after seven years I came, but I came in the night, for I was afraid to appear in the daylight, and I went to her house."

"Why do you tell me this now, Craig?"

"Be patient, Lisle. I want to tell her house. I had sent her word that I was coming. I had been two hours with her and was on the point of taking my departure when her husband appeared. My sister was in my arms. I was kissing her, and she was clinging to me, begging me not to go. Her husband had never seen me. He misunderstood what he saw. He struck me with his cane, and I was knocked senseless."

"When I recovered, Alice was insensible on the floor, and he had disappeared. I carried her to the room, saw that she

had only fainted, kissed her and went away more than ever convinced that the greatest service I could do for her was to keep out of her life forever. I never once thought that her husband would so misjudge her that she would have no opportunity to explain my identity. I did not know him; I had never seen him; I knew his name; and that was all. That night when he struck me I did not see his face. The blow fell before I knew that he was in the room. Lisle, the name of my sister's husband was Philip Barrington."

"Craig!"

"Hush, Lisle; it is true! Your mother is my sister. Her name was Alice Craig. My name is Thomas Craig. I

am your uncle. Come, now; let us go in. God has given us the right this night to make one woman happy."

"Two, Craig—I shall always call you that if you are my uncle—two, for I am happy!"

A moment later they passed into the house together.

CHAPTER XVII.

"NOT LIKE OTHER WOMEN EITHER"

THE scene changes once more to Nevada—to the ranchhouse where Lisle passed the years of her youth. Gathered upon the veranda near where the low windows of the library opened from it were Lisle and her mother, Thomas O. Thomas of Kansas City and his daughter and, sitting upon the balustrade, with his long legs dangling over it, Craig Thompson.

"A year had passed since that same party, with the exception of Mrs. Barrington, was assembled there—a year that had meant much to Lisle and in fact to them all. Craig was just the same old Craig, not a whit altered except by the disappearance of the beard, which he had not again permitted to grow, and the fact that he wore his hair shorter than formerly. In other respects he was the same. He had resumed his western manner and habits with his western dress, and, if the truth be told, Lisle liked him better so. There was something incongruous and unfamiliar about him while he was in the east, and, after the trip abroad, during which he accompanied Lisle and her mother, they all elected to return to Nevada, at least for the summer, and Erna and her father were invited to join the party."

Regarding the reunion of mother and daughter at that time one year ago, when, with Craig, Lisle had left the presence of her lawyer to call upon her mother, very little need be said. To look upon them now, side by side, one seemed to be the counterpart of the other, with the difference wrought by years alone, for, although Lisle had resembled her father, she certainly was "the image of her mother."

The two ranches were combined into one, and both were under the management of Craig Thompson, who had lived the free western life so long that he preferred it to any other and who also clung to his western name with the same tenacity with which he adhered to habits which had become second nature to him.

"Tell you what, Lisle," he said when the conversation lagged somewhat, "people who live in the great cities of the east don't know what life is. You can't live to please yourself in such a place, no matter how hard you try, and out here you can't help it. The only times in my life when I feel independent of all creation are when I have got my legs a-straddle of a good horse, with a colled riata on the pommel of my saddle, a pair of forty-fours in my belt, a cool breeze from the peaks of the Sierras filling my lungs and my eyes roaming over a bunch of cattle that stretches away just as far as I can see. That's the life for me, and I'm going to live it to the end of my days. You and your mother can go poking round the world seeing things all you want to, but I'll stay here and see that the bank accounts don't dwindle and keep my account with the Lord straight, too, for I don't believe I could do it in the east."

"You ought to marry, Mr. Thompson," said Erna. "You wouldn't be so lonely when Lisle and her mother are away."

"Well, I don't know about that. Maybe you're right, and maybe you're wrong. I can't tell, though, what I would do if you were a little older or I were a little younger. Perhaps in that case I'd ask you to marry me."

"It might be that the difference in our ages would not be objectionable to me," said Erna mischievously. "You might ask me anyhow. It is the only way to find out."

"No, it isn't. There is another."

"What is it?"

"Never to ask at all. You see, Erna,

I don't want you. I never would be contented anywhere unless I was boss, and if you made me stand around the way you do your dad I'd be the unhappiest fellow out of jail, and anyhow, you're spoke for, so Tom tells me."

"I might give the other fellow the mitten for your sake," she retorted.

"Then I wouldn't have you anyway," he answered. "A gal that'll go back on one fellow for another will never be true to anybody, and I wouldn't give 2 cents for her—not if she was the prettiest critter this side of kingdom come. Come on, Tom. Let's go over to the corral and see the horses."

As they moved away Mr. Thomas murmured in an undertone: "What a lovely woman Lisle is!"

"You bet!" replied Craig.

"Tonight reminds me of the first time that I ever saw her," continued Thomas. "She was a man then, but even then I noticed that she was not like other men."

"No, and now she ain't like other women either. She's got enough of both in her to make the finest woman on top of God's green earth, and that's what she is."

After that they changed the subject and talked horse.

THE END.

Vanishing Bird Races.

It is reported that the flamingo, the pink curlew, and the egret, together with several other species of beautiful and valuable birds are vanishing so rapidly that within a few years they will be practically extinct. The warfare on these birds has been waged most vigorously, of course, in civilized countries. The savage with his rude weapon and his indolence can not possibly do as much damage as the civilized man with the shot gun and untiring pursuit not only of the birds but of the dollar.

For some reason or other the human race is much addicted to that unprofitable habit known as "shutting the stable door after the horse has gone." It would have been a comparatively easy manner to check the destruction of these birds some years ago; it would be possible even now to rescue them from extermination by taking a little care; but instead of that the hunters will probably be allowed to continue their ravages until any bird more attractive than the English sparrow has become a mere tradition. There are some lessons which can be learned from experience, but the unfortunate thing is that the experience does not always happen twice. If a man has climbed up a place where he ought not to be and fallen and broke his back, the lesson is not of much value to him, because he will never climb anywhere again. After these birds have been exterminated and their habits rendered unfit for restocking, it will not be much use to moralize over the ruthlessness and rapidity which caused their destruction.

The measures which ought to be taken will vary in different places. In some parts of the country it would be well enough perhaps, to impose a small penalty on hunters caught shooting birds out of season. In other places it might be necessary to forbid the shooting of certain species of birds at all. In places where valuable birds have become extremely scarce it might be well to follow some system of breeding and artificial protection. This would employ the native hunters who are now the birds' most dangerous enemies, and would instill in them a different idea of the value of the birds from which they now have. In fact, many of these men are simply and solely pot-hunters. They shoot birds and animals, but not for sport, but because they must make a living. If they could be paid for taking care of the wild creatures instead of for shooting them, they would, in many cases, much prefer that employment.

A Cure For Cholera Infantum.

"Last May," says Mrs. Curtis Baker, of Bookwalter, Ohio, "an infant child of our neighbor's was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered, and is now (nearly a year since) a vigorous, healthy girl. I have recommended this remedy frequently and have never known it to fail in any single instance." For sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch; Grayslake Pharmacy.

Locust Plague in France.

A dispatch from Angoulême, France, reports that an invasion of locusts has taken place throughout the department of the Charente, more especially in the canton of Bouillas, where they are so numerous and so voracious as to constitute a veritable scourge. Enormous fields of beans and beets have been devastated in a few hours.

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48th Annual

FAIR!

OF THE

Lake County Agricultural Society

will be held on

Sept. 3-4-5-6
1901.

Greatest—
Grandest
and Best Fair

Ever held in Lake County.

Exhibits Will excell in every department this year unless it be in agricultural products, as consequent upon the recent drought this department may not be quite up to the usual standard, but yet should be good

More stalls for exhibition purposes have been engaged to date than ever before at so early a period, and the live stock exhibits will be splendid, as in fact will all exhibits with the possible exception noted.

Special Features

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday afternoons will occur a balloon ascension and parachute drop. Miss Cole Belmont is the aeronaut engaged and her feats of last year assure successful ascensions.

A Polo Pony Race by members of the Onwentsia Club of Lake Forest, will take place, probably on Thursday afternoon.

A purse of \$75.00 will be awarded the base ball nines winning over all competitors at the fair. Entry fee of \$5 to be added to the purse. Purse to be divided 40 and 60.

Three good brass bands have been engaged—the Libertyville, Highwood and Barrington.

Speed Program.

The speed program is positively the best ever arranged and owing to the fact Lake County is this year in the Inter-State Fair Circuit, the races will "fill" with a better and speedier class of horses than have ever started in this county.

Wednesday, September 4.

No. 1—2:25 Class, Trotting.....\$250.00
No. 2—3:00 Class, Trotting..... 200.00
No. 3—2:20 Class, Pacing..... 250.00

Thursday, September 5.

No. 4—2:30 Class, Trotting.....\$225.00
No. 5—Free-for-all, Pacing..... 300.00
No. 6—One-half mile running, 2 in 3..... 150.00
No. 7—2:50 Trot, for Lake County only..... 100.00

Friday, September 6.

No. 8—2:35 Class, Pace.....\$225.00
No. 9—Free-for-all, Trotting..... 300.00
No. 10—2:40 Class, Trotting..... 200.00
No. 11—Three-quarter mile dash..... 100.00

All in all its going to be

A Grand Fair

Special Train Service

from Waukegan and Barrington on the E. J. & B. and from Walworth, Wis., on the C. M. & St. P. has been arranged for. Time table will be published next week. A rate of one and one-third fair for the round trip to all points within 100 miles will be given by E. R. Co's.

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Railroad, THE GREAT SOUTHERN

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS

Now on sale to

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of Me.

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FRENCH REMEDY

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powerful and quick. Cures when all else fails.
Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old
men will recover their youthful vigor by using
REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores
men, Low Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions,
Loss Power, Failing Memory, Weakness, Dizziness,
all sorts of nervous and blood disorders, in
the back the neck, girth of the waist, and in the
bones the size of youth. It is a great
not only cures by starting at the root of disease,
it is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, in
the back the neck, girth of the waist, and in the
bones the size of youth. It is a great
other. It can be carried in the pocket, and
\$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5.00.
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For Sale by W. T. H.

The Antioch News.

J. J. BURKE, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

WEEK'S NEWS RECORD

Tramps held up John and Paul McGrath, of Rush City, Minn., on a moving cattle train. The men resisted and John McGrath was shot dead. Paul escaped to the top of the train, but was overtaken, robbed and finally locked into a car.

A steam threshing machine exploded on the farm of C. L. Christensen, near Porter, Minn., instantly killing Mrs. Christensen and severely injuring her daughter, Lars Christensen, Jr. John Anderson and one of the assistants at the machine.

Following a custom that she adopted last year, Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, signified children's day at the State fair at Concord, N. H., by giving a pair of shoes to every deserving child in Concord who makes his or her needs known at that time.

Robert G. Evans, United States District Attorney for Minnesota, who last winter was a prominent candidate before the legislature to succeed Senator Cushman K. Davis in the United States Senate, died suddenly in Minneapolis from heart disease.

The Barborton, Akron and Eastern Railroad Company of Akron was incorporated at Columbus, Ohio, with \$25,000 capital. It will build and operate a steam railroad from Barborton via Akron through Summit and Mahoning Counties to the State line.

At Ash Hill, Mo., Luther Baggett, 39 years old, shot and killed Mary Keith, 15 years old. He confessed the crime was committed at the instigation of Mrs. James Gilpin. The latter, her husband and young son, have been arrested for complicity in the crime.

Lafayette Newkirk, a wealthy stock raiser, was shot and killed on one of the principal residence streets of Mexico, Mo., as he was walking home alone. The assassin was pursued by several persons who heard the shots, but escaped. No motive for the murder is known.

The Sandy Valley Banking Company, of Malvern, Ohio, organized two months ago by R. S. Miller, former secretary of a failed Superior Street Savings and Banking Company, of Cleveland, has made an assignment to H. J. Wilson, a resident of Malvern. Depositors are much enraged.

While charging the soda fountains in George Ott's drug store at Ashley, Ind., the clerk Fred Nicoli, supposedly made an error in mixing the gas and an explosion resulted. Fragments of the fountain struck Nicoli on the head, killing him, and knocked Ott unconscious, injuring him probably fatally. The damage to the building is slight.

D. E. Lombard, who rose from bed upon which he had been confined to die of typhoid fever at Columbus, Ohio, and mysteriously disappeared one night recently, has returned to his home. Since his return he has been wandering about the country, getting his meals as best he could, and has walked the fever out of him. Although weak, he is now practically well.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National League:

W. L.	W. L.
Pittsburgh, 38 35 Boston, 31 52	
Philadelphia, 29 45 Cincinnati, 42 47	
Brooklyn, 38 37 New York, 40 37	
St. Louis, 35 40 Chicago, 42 45	

Standings in the American League are as follows:	W. L.
Chicago, 39 41 Philadelphia, 54 50	
Boston, 42 42 Washington, 43 50	
Baltimore, 39 45 Cleveland, 43 50	
Detroit, 35 49 Milwaukee, 36 70	

BRITANNIA.

A mob at Winchester, Tenn., burned at the stake a negro who was accused and shot to death a white woman.

Turkey has yielded to French demands for recognition of rights claimed by the Quays Company at Constantinople.

Forest fires are doing great damage on the timber belt along the Columbia River in both the Washington and Oregon states.

George Anderson, while drunk, at Elgin, Ohio, assaulted his wife, knocked her down and poured red pepper sauce into her eyes, blinding her for life. It is feared.

The Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company has notified the Navy Department that the battleship Illinois would be ready to go into commission on Sept. 20.

A conservative estimate would place the population of the city of Cleveland at 400,000. These figures disclose a remarkable growth for the city during the past year.

Information has been obtained by agents of the Colombian government that a vessel, now at a New Jersey port had been captured by the insurgents for a filibustering expedition.

Five masked men entered the home of Philip Stiles, near Deshler, Ohio, and after torturing and threatening the entire family of six persons for four hours departed with \$60 in cash.

The bank of New Metamoras, a private concern has closed its doors. The bank had deposited \$50,000 with the Superior Street Savings and Banking Company of Cleveland, which went to the wall.

Ocean liner shot and killed Dick Burrell at Brownstown, Ind. The murder occurred in Burrell's drug store. Burrell was always a dangerous man, often drinking and had killed two men in Indiana and had served a term in prison.

An accidental explosion of a "human bomb" in a New York park threw thousands of pleasure seekers into panic and caused the injury to many.

A mob was tonight on Little Bird Creek near Middletown, Ky., between James Little and John Williams. Williams was shot and killed. Little was wounded and fled to the authorities.

Three men on a train near Hannibal, Mo., were both were decapitated and the heads were sent to the warden of the Missouri State Penitentiary.

EASTERN.

At Ogdensburg, N. Y., John W. LaRock, a farmer, 35 years old, shot himself through the heart. Dependancy is assigned as the cause.

John Schmal, an engineer, looked into the face of his dead sweetheart, Annie Vocicsek, in New York, and then fired a bullet into his brain, dying instantly.

Critchett, Sibley & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, of Boston, operating a large factory at Belfast, Me., made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

A charge of dynamite exploded in a stone quarry just outside of Baltimore and blew two negroes to atoms. They were Braxton Jasper and Edward Jittus and were employed by Schwind & Co.

Phelix McGrath, a 15-year-old school boy who was trying to help out his mother by working during his vacation, was fatally burned at the Alpha Steel Works, Newark, N. J., by an explosion of gas.

A determined effort was made by a mob to lynch Julius Siebel, a motorman, because his car had killed Annie Emory, 9 years old, on Madison avenue, New York. He was rescued by a squad of police.

Rev. George B. Harrington, the young Methodist preacher at Oxford, N. J., committed suicide by hanging himself in the belfry of his church. The opinion is that the minister was mentally deranged.

On the eve of her departure for Europe Mrs. John Pruehenowski, of Shamokin, Pa., eloped with an old sweetheart, taking with her \$1,000 which her husband drew out of the bank to pay the family's traveling expenses.

John C. Topping, manager of the hardware firm of Topping Bros., of New York, committed suicide by jumping from the third story of his home in Brooklyn. Insomnia due to nervous prostration was given as the cause.

Harry Johnson, colored, a driver of a coal wagon, while passing along Clayton street in Wilmington, Del., raised his arm to brush away a wire that was hanging in the street. It was a "live" wire and he was instantly killed.

By the collapse of a burning oil tank at the Atlantic Refining Company's plant at Point Breeze, Philadelphia, where a fire has been raging, about 100 persons—firemen, employees of the company and spectators—were burned severely.

The Carrie F. Roberts has arrived at Boston from a trip off shore with the biggest swordfish introduced to the Boston market within recent memory. Before he was cut up or saved off he tipped the scales at nearly half a ton. His length was close to seventeen feet.

It is believed that a woman is at the head of a gang of burglars committing depredations in Westchester County, New York, recently. Burglaries were committed in three towns in the county on a recent night. In each case there is evidence that a woman was concerned.

The thunder is believed responsible for the death of 7-year-old Eleanor Johnston, who lived in Germantown, Pa. During the storm Eleanor showed signs of nervousness. Each crash of thunder caused her to tremble. Suddenly she became unconscious, and all efforts to revive her failed.

James W. Lyall, 63 years of age, a wealthy manufacturer of cotton goods, was found dead in a hall tub of his home in New York with the gas turned on. The theory of the family is that Mr. Lyall had been overcome by faintness and fell, striking the gas bracket in falling, and so turned on the gas.

WESTERN.

Five business buildings were burned at Britton, S. D. Loss, \$30,000, partly covered by insurance.

The mangled body of Game Warden John McCarthy was found in the Mongolian Mountains near Flagstaff, A. T. He had been killed by a bear.

A membership in the Kansas City Board of Trade sold the other day at \$1,800, the highest price ever paid. The par value of the membership is \$1,000.

D. H. Mortly, famous as the writer of the Ohio constitution of 1852, died at McConnellsville, Ohio. There is now but one member of that convention living.

The union molders at the Lima, Ohio, Machine Works quit work because they were asked to make castings for a Columbus, Ohio, concern where the men are on strike.

Melville Nevin, aged 28 years, a resident of Missouri, while hunting in Little Creek Canyon, California, fell from a precipice over the Bonita Falls and broke his neck.

Sam Strong, the millionaire mine owner, was shot and killed at Cripple Creek, Colo., by Grant Crumley. The shooting took place in the Newport saloon, owned by Crumley.

One thousand armed men drove every negro from Pierce City, Mo., cremated one aged man, burned five houses and decreed that here after no colored man shall reside in the town.

Jack Winters, who got away with \$320,000 in gold bullion from the Selby smelting works at Martinez, Cal., and afterward confessed, was sentenced to fifteen years at Folsom.

Three carmen from St. Joseph, Mich., attempting to cross Lake Michigan to Chicago, in a rowboat, drifted helplessly ashore near Michigan City, Ind., after a hard fight with the waves.

At St. Louis Dr. Louis Knapp has taken final leave of his family and will at once isolate himself from his fellow men to nurse Dong Gong, the Chinese leper, in the interest of science.

The stage on the Ager-Klamath Falls route was held up by highwaymen ten miles east of Alger, Cal. They secured the Wells, Fargo & Co. express treasure box and the United States mail.

At Alger, Ohio, a mad dog went through the town biting everything in its way. The citizens turned out en masse and began a warfare on all of the canines. They killed three hundred before stopping.

Judge Kohlsaat, of Chicago, has issued an order compelling strikers from placing pickets in the vicinity of the Allied Chemicals plant, or from interfering with the business or operation of the company in any manner.

The Hamilton, Ohio, branch of the American Union Company has discharged 800 men, half its force, because of the failure of the fruit and vegetable crop.

STORM IN THE EAST.

New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City Worst Sufferers—Buildings Unroofed and Street Car Traffic Paralyzed—Church and Theater Wrecked.

The most violent wind and rain storm known for many years swept over New York City, Brooklyn, Westchester County and the northeastern portion of New Jersey Saturday afternoon. Great damage was done to property and street car traffic in many places was completely stopped. The most damage reported was at Jersey City, where buildings were wrecked, including a church and a theater.

Rain had been falling intermittently all morning and about 1 p. m. the low-hanging clouds began to discharge torrents of water, and this was kept up until after 5 o'clock. About 3 o'clock the wind increased mightily in violence and at 3:30 Jersey City began to have the worst storm experienced in its history. Blasts of wind carried widespread destruction. Two windstorms, seemingly met in the neighborhood of Newark avenue and Barrow street and a cyclonic condition resulted.

Horses standing in Newark avenue and the wagons to which they were hitched were blown over. Telegraph poles and wires fell. A moment or two later the steeple of St. Mary's Catholic Church, the largest in the city, fell backward upon the church, striking the roof. Tiles of brick from the spire crashed through the roof and down upon the pews.

Two blocks south of St. Mary's Church and nearly on a line with it on Newark avenue is the Bijou Theater. The Man Who Dared Company was rehearsing for an opening of the theater for the season. Two lions that are used in the play were in cages on the stage when a sudden rush of wind made the building tremble. Warning cries caused the performers to leave the stage not a second too soon. Bricks came down from the high walls, ruining the stage and bending in the lions' cages. The lions roared in terror. As the performers rushed out a shout was raised in the street that the lions were loose and the crowd which had sought shelter in the corridor fled panic-stricken. The lions did not escape, but their cages were hit and the beasts were cut by the bricks, but the bars held them.

The storm in New York City was confined to a heavy downpour of rain with a violent wind. It was the heaviest in the Bronx where the streets were flooded.

At Mauch Chunk, Pa., the storm was attended by four fatalities. Jesse Struthers, a prominent citizen of Mauch Chunk, and three boys named McClafferty, McGinley and Johnson were standing on a bridge spanning Mauch Chunk Creek when the supports collapsed and the four were precipitated into the water and drowned. The stream had become a raging torrent by the bursting of a dam a half mile above the borough line.

RAISED TRACKS SAVE TIME.

Elevation of Terminals Results in Quicker Schedules.

Track elevation in Chicago has enabled the transportation companies to save from five to twenty minutes in the running time of both incoming and outgoing passenger trains, says the Tribune. When the agitation for elevated roadbeds was begun six years ago railroad experts did not give much attention to this advantage of the plan. The elimination of the grade crossing was the one object kept in view to the exclusion of other considerations. The extent to which the various companies have been enabled to cut

down their running time since the elevation of their tracks has become a matter of wonderment to railroad officials. The Rock Island and Lake Shore, the first roads to elevate have reaped the benefit of faster schedules.

A study of the time cards of the elevated and surface track railroads operating out of Chicago shows clearly the benefits of raised tracks. The Burlington, which now has an elevated roadway between Western avenue and the city limits, a distance of only four miles, is enabled to operate its mail trains and other flyers, between Chicago and Aurora, a distance of thirty-nine miles, in forty-five minutes. The Rock Island, which has a longer stretch of elevation, runs its trains between Van Buren street station and Joliet, forty-one miles, in fifty minutes. The Illinois Central, with modern roadways, operates to Peotone, forty-two miles from Twelfth street, at a rate of nearly a mile a minute.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Niehau's planing mill and the Eberding starch works, Berkeley, Cal., burned. Loss \$120,000.

A mob at Osterburg, Pa., rotten-egged two Mormon elders. They departed without asking any questions.

Card playing on trains of the New Jersey Central Road has been prohibited as a result of a fight caused by an attempt to reserve seats at a card table.

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FOREIGN.

A vessel carrying passengers between Plebun and Plougrescent capsize at Treguer, fifteen persons being drowned. The State Department is advised of the death of Senor Don Carlos Morla Vicens, minister from Chile to the United States. He died at Buffalo.

A hurricane has swept over the Village Villarrojo, Illota, Spain. Forty buildings were razed to the ground, six persons were killed and numbers were injured.

President Loubet of France has conferred upon President W. R. Harper of the University of Chicago the decoration of the French Order of the Legion of Honor.

M. Nyssens, former minister of industry and labor, committed suicide in Brussels by shooting himself with a revolver in the right temple. Domestic trouble is assigned as the cause for the act.

Count Gilbert Graf Hohenver-Gerlachstein, recently appointed by Emperor Franz Joseph as Austrian minister to the City of Mexico, has arrived in New York. The Count is the first minister of Austria to Mexico since the execution of the Emperor Maximilian.

The Paris Petit Journal says: "The feigned anxiety expressed in the papers of the United States over the Colombian situation only serves here to mask the unmeasured ambition of American imperialism, thus favoring the accomplishment of a long-cherished dream—namely, taking possession of the isthmus of Panama and the half-built canal."

The French ambassador, M. Constans, at Constantinople, has notified the Sultan's first secretary that all diplomatic relations between France and Turkey are broken off and that the ambassador has informed his government to this effect. The ambassador justifies his action on the ground that the Sultan broke his direct personal promise regarding the purchase of the quays and the settlement of the disputed French claims.

IN GENERAL.

The exodus from Nome is fairly on and each steamer arriving from there brings large numbers of passengers.

Heavy southern gales swept the islands of Barbados, Dominica, Martinique and Saint Vincent. At Saint Vincent the damage was particularly heavy; many shipping lighters and wharves were destroyed by the waves.

Julius C. Belgie, president of the St. Louis Shovel Company, confirms the reported consolidation of five of the largest shovel manufacturing concerns in the country, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000. The new company will be called the Ames Tool and Shovel Company.

Fire nearly destroyed Grandbourg, the principal town of French West Indies, having a population of about 15,000 persons. All the public buildings except the church, prison and headquarters of the gendarmerie were destroyed, as were some five hundred houses. The fire was of incendiary origin.

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.35; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, red, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 35c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c; butter, choice creamery, 10c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 13c to 14c; potatoes, new, \$1.00 to \$1.10 per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$5.25; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 67c to 68c; corn, No. 2, white, 61c to 62c; oats, No. 2, white, new, 37c to 38c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.05; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 57c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.15; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 61c to 62c; oats, No. 2 mixed, new, 37c to 38c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 53c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.15; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.35; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2, yellow, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2, white, 37c to 38c; rye, 55c to 56c.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$5.80; hogs, fair to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.35; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.50 to \$4.00; lambs, common to choice, \$4.50 to \$5.00.

New York—Cattle, \$3.75 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.35; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, red, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 59c to 60c; oats, No. 2, white, 34c to 35c; butter, creamery, 18c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 14c to 17c.

STORM IN THE EAST.

CITIES SUFFER FROM WIND OF CYCLONIC VIOLENCE.

New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City Worst Sufferers—Buildings Unroofed and Street Car Traffic Paralyzed—Church and Theater Wrecked.

The most violent wind and rain storm known for many years swept over New York City, Brooklyn, Westchester County and the northeastern portion of New Jersey Saturday afternoon. Great damage was done to property and street car traffic in many places was completely stopped. The most damage reported was at Jersey City, where buildings were wrecked, including a church and a theater.

Rain had been falling intermittently all morning and about 1 p. m. the low-hanging clouds began to discharge torrents of water, and this was kept up until after 5 o'clock. About 3 o'clock the wind increased mightily in violence and at 3:30 Jersey City began to have the worst storm experienced in its history. Blasts of wind carried widespread destruction. Two windstorms, seemingly met in the neighborhood of Newark avenue and Barrow street and a cyclonic condition resulted.

Horses standing in Newark avenue and the wagons to which they were hitched were blown over. Telegraph poles and wires fell. A moment or two later the steeple of St. Mary's Catholic Church, the largest in the city, fell backward upon the church, striking the roof. Tiles of brick from the spire crashed through the roof and down upon the pews.

Two blocks south of St. Mary's Church and nearly on a line with it on Newark avenue is the Bijou Theater. The Man Who Dared Company was rehearsing for an opening of the theater for the season. Two lions that are used in the play were in cages on the stage when a sudden rush of wind made the building tremble. Warning cries caused the performers to leave the stage not a second too soon. Bricks came down from the high walls, ruining the stage and bending in the lions' cages. The lions roared in terror. As the performers rushed out a shout was raised in the street that the lions were loose and the crowd which had sought shelter in the corridor fled panic-stricken. The lions did not escape, but their cages were hit and the beasts were cut by the bricks, but the bars held them.

The storm in New York City was confined to a heavy downpour of rain with a violent wind. It was the heaviest in the Bronx where the streets were flooded.

At Mauch Chunk, Pa., the storm was attended by four fatalities. Jesse Struthers, a prominent citizen of Mauch Chunk, and three boys named McClafferty, McGinley and Johnson were standing on a bridge spanning Mauch Chunk Creek when the supports collapsed and the four were precipitated into the water and drowned. The stream had become a raging torrent by the bursting of a dam a half mile above the borough line.

RAISED TRACKS SAVE TIME.

Elevation of Terminals Results in Quicker Schedules.

Track elevation in Chicago has enabled the transportation companies to save from five to twenty minutes in the running time of both incoming and outgoing passenger trains, says the Tribune. When the agitation for elevated roadbeds was begun six years ago railroad experts did not give much attention to this advantage of the plan. The elimination of the grade crossing was the one object kept in view to the exclusion of other considerations. The extent to which the various companies have been enabled to cut

down their running time since the elevation of their tracks has become a matter of wonderment to railroad officials. The Rock Island and Lake Shore, the first roads to elevate have reaped the benefit of faster schedules.

A study of the time cards of the elevated and surface track railroads operating out of Chicago shows clearly the benefits of raised tracks. The Burlington, which now has an elevated roadway between Western avenue and the city limits, a distance of only four miles, is enabled to operate its mail trains and other flyers, between Chicago and Aurora, a distance of thirty-nine miles, in forty-five minutes. The Rock Island, which has a longer stretch of elevation, runs its trains between Van Buren street station and Joliet, forty-one miles, in fifty minutes. The Illinois Central, with modern roadways, operates to Peotone, forty-two miles from Twelfth street, at a rate of nearly a mile a minute.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Niehau's planing mill and the Eberding starch works, Berkeley, Cal., burned. Loss \$120,000.

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WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

While the census officials are investigating the cases of clerks who are employed in another department as well as that branch, some of the War Department employees would be glad to see attention called to favoritism which permits certain army officers on the retired list to draw two salaries, one from the military pay roll and the other as an employee of the civilian branch of the government. One such officer is a retired captain, who was transferred from the active list on account of disability. He receives \$2,100 a year from the government as a retired army officer, rendering no service whatever for this salary, and he gets nearly as much from the pension office, where he discharges every day, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Pensions, the clerical duties devolving upon him, despite the fact that he was deemed incapacitated for active duty in the army. Another case of dual employment is that of an officer, retired with the rank of major, and who has been employed as civil engineer by the corps of engineers.

Even the President of the United States is not paid in advance. Probably in view of the fact that the United States Treasurer believes he earns his salary, the Chief Executive does not have to wait until the first and middle of each month to receive it, as government employees do. The President is the only official of the United States government who is paid on a direct individual warrant from the Treasury Department. Each month in the year President McKinley receives by mail a warrant, covering the money he has earned as his salary. The Treasury officials divide the salary into four quarters of \$12,500 each, and under the law could not under any circumstances exceed that, but they pay the President practically the same salary every month in the year, no matter whether the month is a long or short one. For two months of each quarter the President's check is drawn for \$4,000, but the other month sets the check reduced to \$4,100.00.

The United States will claim about \$2,000, the amount of an insurance policy on the life of the late Capt. Howgate, who embezzled thousands of dollars from the United States while Chief Signal Officer, and which policy was kept up for twenty years by his daughter, Ida, who never believed he was dead. Howgate died in Washington last June. Miss Howgate spent about \$300 in this practical as well as loving work. Recently she asked for powers of administration on the estate. The power has been granted. The court will allow her the \$300, but it is understood the government will take the rest. Miss Howgate must give bond for \$3,000, to guarantee the faithful performance of her duties as administratrix. If she had not kept the policy alive she could have saved the \$300 in some other way and the government would not have received a cent. It is alleged that this insurance policy is all the property left by Capt. Howgate.

War Department officials are determined to interfere with the traffic in children which has been going on in certain parts of the Philippines, constituting one of the gravest problems with which army officers in that section have to deal. Reports received at the War Department say the traffic is confined to the natives in the departments of Mindanao and Jolo. The traffic comes as a result of the improvidence of the people, and families who are bitten by famine do not hesitate to seek relief by the sale of their children. Maj. J. S. Pettit, First Infantry, formerly colonel of the Thirty-first Volunteer Infantry, the commander of the Second District in that department, says, however, that he has about broken up the traffic, which has been going on in children of the Tirenarga, a degenerate race south of Catabbado.

The pressure upon the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from banking institutions for the return of checks turned in under the provisions of the act repealing the stamp tax is growing so strong that in self-defense he has been compelled to issue an appeal for time to apply to Congress for relief. It appears that the cost of engraving, printing and blinding the checks issued under the war revenue tax law was so great that the banks, as a matter of economy, are demanding that the checks, after the stamps have been redeemed, be returned for further use. It is represented that the stamps imprinted upon them can be canceled and a great saving worked. The commissioner of internal revenue is without authority to act, and requests that he be given time to go to Congress for relief.

July exports were larger than in July of any previous year, and the imports were larger than those of July in any year since 1895. The figures of the foreign commerce of the United States during the month of July show total imports of the month, \$72,897,037, total exports, \$109,031,158; excess of exports over imports, \$36,134,071, or considerably more than \$1,000,000 per day.

There is consternation in department circles over the discovery that government clerks working regular office hours in the departments were drawing double salaries by doing night work at the census office. To expedite census reports Director Merriam has been employing two sets of clerks, and in violation of law clerks have been working double time.

Sugar planters of Hawaii have lately used efforts to secure a modification of the Japanese edict so that men from that country may be allowed to go to Hawaii. Assistant Secretary Taylor told the Japanese minister recently that desirable Japanese persons will be allowed to go to Hawaii freely, provided that they do not go under contract, either verbal or written, as laborers.

The 12-year-old daughter of J. M. Blvin, of Springtown, Tex., died from lockjaw, caused by sticking a pin in her foot.

STATE OF THE CROPS.

WEEKLY REPORT OF THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Upper Mississippi Valley and Lake Region Need Rain—Weather Favorable for Spring Wheat Harvest in All Sections—Outlook for Corn.

The weekly crop report issues by the Agricultural Department gives the following general summary of conditions throughout the country:

The temperature conditions of the week have been favorable except on the North Pacific coast, where it has been excessively warm. The middle and south Atlantic and east Gulf States, including Tennessee, have suffered from heavy rains, the south Atlantic and east Gulf States and Tennessee experiencing damaging winds as well as injury from overflows. The greater part of Texas and portions of the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys and upper lake region continue to suffer from drought, and drought is beginning to affect crops in Oregon and Washington. The Rocky Mountain region and California have had an exceptionally favorable week.

A general improvement in the condition of late corn is indicated in the principal crop States. In Iowa, the crop is materially improved and more promising than was deemed possible Aug. 1, but the yield is still contingent upon additional moisture soon and the absence of frosts the greater part of September. Late corn has improved in extreme southeastern Nebraska, but continues to suffer from rain in central and northern counties. In the eastern and western portions of Kansas late corn is much improved, but in the central counties rain came too late to save the crop. In some portions of Missouri late corn is progressing well, but in most sections it is suffering from rain. Good rains in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio have improved the outlook, especially in Indiana, but, as in other portions of the corn belt, the greater part of the early corn has been ruined. The prospects outlook for corn in the middle Atlantic States and New England continues.

The weather has been favorable for spring wheat harvest in all sections. Harvesting is nearly finished in the Dakotas, Minnesota, and Oregon, and is in progress in Washington, where, owing to excessive heat, the grain has ripened somewhat too rapidly. In North Dakota, owing to abundant heavy and poorly filled heads, the yield of spring wheat is proving disappointing.

The central and eastern portions of the cotton belt have suffered from heavy rains, while drought has become more serious over the greater part of the western districts. In the Carolinas too rank growth is reported, especially on stiff lands and in Georgia, Florida and Alabama heavy rains and high winds have caused injury, rust and shedding being quite prevalent. In Tennessee, Mississippi, and portions of Arkansas the crop has improved. Cotton needs rain throughout Texas, and is falling rapidly in the central, southern and southwestern portions.

The general outlook for apples continues unimproved, although slightly improved conditions are reported from portions of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois. The excessive rains have caused peaches to rot extensively in the middle and south Atlantic States.

Generally to the east of the Mississippi River the soil is in excellent condition for fall plowing, and favorable progress with this work has been made in Kansas, Nebraska, and Oklahoma, but in the upper Mississippi Valley the ground is generally too dry.

Reports from States.
Missouri—Rainfall generally light; late corn progressing well in some districts, but in most sections suffering from rain and, in some eastern counties about dried up; cotton doing fairly well, some opening; late corn forage crops growing well in some sections. In other drying up; pastures continue short; plowing progressing rapidly; fruits as a whole improved but little.
Illinois—Good rains at end of week caused improvement in agricultural situation; oats, turning out fairly well; prospects for late corn somewhat improved, but early corn cannot be benefited much; prospects for broom corn fair; stock feed improved; pastures brown, but showing improvement; prospects for potatoes and garden poor; prospects for fruit, especially apples, diminishing; although apples promise well in some localities.
Indiana—Crop deterioration continued until 17th and 18th, when copious showers occurred over greater portion of State; late corn and late planted corn will be materially improved; stock feeding more general; early corn fodder being used; damage to potatoes and vegetables probably permanent; hopes entertained for better tomato yield than expected; fall tobacco prospects, same as last week; fair tobacco prospects; late corn housed in Randolph County; fairly good apple prospects.
Ohio—Good rains except in southwestern and few western central counties; pastures late, fruit late, garden and truck crops late, corn and tobacco benefited in most districts; some corn in southern part of State showing improvement; late corn showing improvement; yield fair; seed clover fair; most potatoes poor; some decay; tobacco cutting begun; grapes rotting.
Michigan—Droughty conditions in central and southern counties have injured late potatoes and sweet corn; fruiting corn has suffered, but continues fairly promising; pastures poor and some stock being fed; sugar beets continued promising; plowing progressing in all sections, but much delayed in southern by dry soil.
Wisconsin—Threshing well under way; yield of winter and spring wheat and barley generally good, quality excellent; oats light; corn generally backward, but with favorable weather will make good crop in central and northern sections; potatoes generally poor crop; second growth of clover excellent; apples light and of poor quality.
Minnesota—On 12th and 13th scattered light showers in west and heavier local showers in extreme southeast; harvesting progressing rapidly in northern counties and shock thrashing in central portions; fax cutting and thrashing in southern half; corn, potatoes, garden and pastures seriously affected by drought; plowing begun in southern large wheat crop being secured.
Nebraska—Warm dry week; late corn has improved in southeastern counties, and needs rain in central and northern counties; good crop of hay being secured in prime condition in northern counties; considerable plowing has been done in southern counties, and indications are for large acreage of winter wheat.
South Dakota—Warm showers generally light; soil moisture sufficient; plowing begun; stacking, thrashing and haying progressing nicely; corn, millet, fax, potatoes and grain improving; early fax being cut; poor to fair crop; early corn in roasting ear; some cut for fodder; late fall plowing and with favorable September yield will probably be above half crop.
Iowa—Warm weather, but usual and dry except in extreme northwest district; corn shows material improvement, and the crop is more promising than was deemed possible at this time of year; but the output of sound corn is contingent on more moisture very soon and absence of frost larger part of September; pastures good and stock feed fairly good general.

Patience 1846, who advertise

DECATUR BOY IS THIRTY

Elmer Hazelrigg, Aged 9, Makes Money by His Industry.

The best money-maker for his age in the State is Elmer Hazelrigg, of Decatur. He is barely past 9 years old, and has earned over \$500. Most of this is invested in the business that he is now carrying on unaided by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Hazelrigg.

The boy lives with his parents in the edge of the city. The father works at a big factory. Elmer got a financial start in life when under 6 years old. A neighbor let him have the milk from a cow. This he sold to other neighbors. In about a year he had saved enough to buy a cow of his own. Before long he had three cows and sold the milk, saving nearly all of the proceeds.

Last summer he sold two cows and went into the gardening business. He made over \$100 that season. He did nearly all of the work in the garden and peddled the vegetables he raised about the city. He devoted three weeks to going about with an experienced peddler that he might know how to sell his produce to the best advantage.

This spring he rented seven vacant lots, more than twice as much ground as he had last year, and hired a man to plow them. He is gardening them all, doing a good deal of the work himself and hiring boys in the neighborhood to help him. He has a horse and wagon that he uses in peddling the produce. He traded for the horse himself and got a good one. He is also raising pigs and chickens.

REVEALS A SECRET WEDDING.

St. Louis Belle Confesses that She Married a Cochin.

The romance of Miss Eugenie Koehn, daughter of Joseph Koehn, a wealthy manufacturer of Belleville, and Clemens Ganz, a former coachman, has just been revealed. The other day Ganz went to the Koehn home and asked for his wife. The family thought he was demented. Miss Eugenie, however, promptly acknowledged her lord and master, and, shipping her arm through her husband's, left her father's home.

About a year ago a brother of Eugenie was married to a young woman of Belleville. Eugenie was one of the bridesmaids. On the seat of the carriage in which she rode was the handsome young fellow she had ever seen. When he opened the carriage door for her to enter their eyes met and the flame of love was kindled at once. Later Ganz sought her and wooed and won her. On Feb. 2 she went to St. Louis on a shopping expedition and they were quietly married. It was agreed between them to keep the wedding a secret until Ganz should have secured a better position. He immediately left the livery stable and sought a position, finally securing one in a big furniture store. He saved his money, furnished a cozy flat and then went to Belleville for his bride.

JURY UPHOLDS INSANITY PLEA.

Silas Riggs Found Not Guilty of Murder on a Second Trial.

At Mount Vernon the jury returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of Silas Riggs, charged with the murder of Thomas I. Summers, May 21, 1900. Summers, a married man with a family, induced Nellie Riggs, aged 17, a daughter of Silas Riggs, to leave home with him. After ten days Summers returned and Riggs had him arrested for abduction. While he was in the custody of officers, Riggs shot Summers five times, causing his death. Riggs was found guilty last year and his punishment fixed at fourteen years in the penitentiary, but Judge Youngblood set the verdict aside and granted him a new trial, which resulted in his acquittal. Emotional insanity was pleaded for him by his lawyer.

TALLEST SOLDIERS IN STATE.

Company E, Sixth Regiment, Leads the Militia of Illinois.

Company E, Sixth Regiment, Illinois National Guard, contains the tallest man and the tallest corporal's guard in the entire State militia. The prize high private is Clyde Mead, who looks down upon Col. "Jack" Foster of the Sixth from the height of six feet seven inches. Next in order come Private Samuel Trotter, Herman Landwehr and William Soling, who are all three inches less than Grimes and Private Frank Harting and Corporal George Thome, only one inch less than their six feet two inch comrades. Capt. Frank Wahl and the first lieutenant are both six feet tall and there are a number of men in the company who are the same.

FASTS TO CURE RHEUMATISM.

Inmate of Home for Aged People at Peoria Thrives on Lemonade.

G. W. Hatch, an inmate of the St. Joseph Home for Aged People, in Peoria, claims to be completely cured of rheumatism as a result of fasting for twenty-two days. He came from Pekin two years ago and is about 70 years old. He looks hale and hearty and says the inflammatory rheumatism from which he suffered for many years has entirely disappeared and that he can jump over chairs like a boy. During the twenty-two days he lived solely on a single glass of lemonade each day and experienced no difficulty in abstaining from food after the first day.

SHOWS WEIRD MENTAL POWER.

Young Dane Who Is Able to Move Inanimate Objects by Will Force.

Viggo Lerche, a Dane 23 years old, who recently arrived at Alto Pass from Copenhagen to visit his uncle, C. Jensen, is astounding the people there by his wonderful power of mind over inanimate matter.

He will take a wood or metal object several feet long, lean it against a wall at an angle of 45 degrees, focus his eyes on it and within a few seconds the object will rise slowly to a perpendicular position and stand for a minute or so, then move toward him or fall back, just as his will dictates.

COST OF PLOWS GOES UP.

Increase of 10 Per Cent on Spring Implements Announced.

Plow makers of Moline, in common with other members of the Northwestern Plow Manufacturers' Association, have announced an increase of 10 per cent on plows and the entire spring line of implements, compacters, cultivators, etc. The increase is made to cover the advance in the cost of raw materials and stock entering into the implements. The advance affects orders already made for spring delivery.

HYPOCRISY VERSUS TRUTH.

Some Homey Facts About Home Protection.

Mr. Hanna must be having a doleful time trying to explain to himself why the ruin of a corn crop could come about under Mr. McKinley's administration. All the big crops of the past four years Mr. Hanna has reckoned as something for which the people should thank the party in power. Is he willing now that the party and administration should be held responsible for a loss to the farmers of upward of a billion dollars because of drought? What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander—Springfield Republican.

This is the veriest cant, and for a paper with the pretensions of the Springfield Republican to print such rot is beyond comprehension. Still, it gives us a text. The Republican knows that neither Mr. Hanna, President McKinley nor any one else ever attributed big crops to the Republican party and a protective tariff, or poor crops to the Democratic and free trade. But it is the net results that most interest the farmer, and he knows that the best net results come under a protective tariff. Take, for instance, recent farm values of the corn, wheat and oat crops, regardless of the amount of production:

	1890.	1900.	per cent.
Protection	1890.	1900.	
Free trade	1890.	1900.	
Wheat, No. 3, bu.	1890.	1900.	
Oats, No. 2, bu.	1890.	1900.	
Corn, No. 2, bu.	1890.	1900.	
Barley, bu.	1890.	1900.	
Potatoes, bu.	1890.	1900.	
Hay, ton	1890.	1900.	
Butter, lb.	1890.	1900.	
Cheese, lb.	1890.	1900.	
Wool, lb.	1890.	1900.	
Hops, lb.	1890.	1900.	

Here is a table from the Orange Judd Farmer, printed in the Springfield Republican's own city:

	1890.	1900.	per cent.
Value of stock in 1890 and 1900—			
Horses	1890.	1900.	
Cows	1890.	1900.	
Swine	1890.	1900.	
Sheep	1890.	1900.	
Pigs	1890.	1900.	

Totals. \$1,800,420,000. \$2,535,111,000. To show what this means to the individual stock owner here is the change in price per head of each class of animals:

	1890.	1900.	per cent.
Horses	1890.	1900.	
Cows	1890.	1900.	
Swine	1890.	1900.	
Sheep	1890.	1900.	
Pigs	1890.	1900.	

This all tells why the Western farm mortgages have been paid, and why the Western banks are full of money, and why the freight trains are carrying more luxuries to the West than ever before. And if the Springfield Republican doesn't appreciate the cause the farmers themselves do, as was shown last November, when the votes were counted. They know what to credit McKinley and Mr. Hanna with, and they know that they have long since turned the picture of the Republican's idol, Cleveland, to the wall—American Economist.

Will Not Succeed.

The free trade agitators who are anxious to precipitate a tariff contest at the next session of Congress are trying to make it appear that the wool manufacturers will urge a reduction in the tariff on wool, regardless of the effect of such action upon the wool growers of this country.

That, however, is denied by an Eastern commercial newspaper, which claims to know the sentiment of the wool manufacturers. It says that the attitude of the manufacturers toward the wool growers is the same to-day that it has been during the past seven or five years. While it is true that the tariff on wool has operated against the manufacturers of woolsens, because it has shut them out of the world's market to a certain extent and deprived them of the chance to make greater profits by purchasing cheaper raw materials, yet the manufacturers have always been willing that the sheep raising industry should be protected, because they know that without the competition afforded by American wool they would be at the mercy of the foreign wool growers and would have to pay whatever price might be demanded. It has been proved by frequent trials that sheep raising is not profitable in this country without the help of a protective tariff, and for that reason the manufacturers have refrained from serving their own immediate interests by advocating a reduction in the tariff on the free material.

The free traders are exerting every effort to array the protected industries against one another, but they will not succeed in their attempt to induce the wool manufacturers to antagonize the sheep raisers—Cleveland Leader.

The Very Worst.

Tariff reform is the paramount issue in the platform adopted by the Ohio Democrats. Now evidently the people will fall over themselves in their haste to confer on the Democratic party the authority to reform the tariff. They will take the record of that unfortunate period from 1890 to 1897 and study it. They will see that the Democrats began in the former year by crying for a reform of the tariff, and they kept at it till the people actually came to think the fellows had some grand patent scheme for giving everybody forty acres and a mule, at least, and so the scheme was entered upon. The result everybody knows—the worst piece of bungling, ever any legislation suffered, and the worst period of tough times the country ever saw. It is too soon to expect that the voters will want to see the experiment repeated. Wait till the voters of 1890 and 1892 are all dead. Then there will be a good chance to hornswoggle the country again—Chicago (Ill.) Gazette.

LAW BAN ON PICKETS.

Union Men Enjoined From Acting as Sentinels.

Restraining Order Taken Against the Striking Machinists by a Chicago Firm—Action Commented Upon by Leaders on Both Sides of Controversy.

For the first time in Chicago since the famous Debs injunction during the great strike of the American Railway Union a similar writ was issued Friday by a federal judge, preventing the strikers from interfering with the operation of business.

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This writ is to remain effective until the court has opportunity to decide whether it should be made permanent. Judge Kohlsaat will set a date for the hearing of arguments on this point. The injunction is directed against the National Association of Ironworkers, the Iron Molders of North America, the Pattern-Makers Association and the various officers and members of those organizations.

The motion for an injunction as presented by Calhoun requested that the striking molders and machinists be enjoined from "a continuous and persistent picketing of the shops and plants of the Allis-Chalmers Company, accompanied by the incidental 'slugging' of nonunion employees and otherwise interfering with the operation of the company's plant."

"This is the first time in Chicago that the federal courts have been appealed to since the big Debs strike," said W. J. Calhoun. "The reason we appealed to Judge Kohlsaat is because we cannot get protection in justice courts. Politics seems to be interposed behind justice courts, and the assaulting or intimidating of strikers are not taken care of as they should be, in fact they are protected. Yesterday five men were beaten at the Allis-Chalmers plant. Hardly a day passes that men are not knocked down and beaten up there. In view of these facts, we could see no other thing to do but to appeal to the court of highest jurisdiction in the city."

"I am not surprised at the action of the employers in seeking the assistance of the courts," said Business Agent Irwin of the machinists. "They have been threatening it for a long time, but, in my estimation, the plan for an injunction is a confession of weakness on their part. The courts have been closed to us during the importation of men here because we had not enough money to pay an attorney to request an injunction restraining the bringing in of men, and thus testing the validity of the law. We'll have to do the best we can to continue the fight if the court rules against picketing."

INVITATION SENT ALL NATIONS.

President's Proclamation Announcing Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

The State Department at Washington has issued the following proclamation: "Louisiana Purchase Exposition," by the President of the United States of America: A proclamation: Whereas, notice has been given me by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition commission in accordance with the provisions of section 94 of the act of Congress, approved March 3, 1901, entitled "An act to provide for celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of the purchase of the Louisiana territory by the United States by holding an international exhibition of industries, manufactures and products of the soil, mine, forest and sea in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, that provision has been ordered for grounds and buildings for the uses provided for in the said act of Congress:

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States, by virtue of authority invested in me by said act, do hereby declare and proclaim that such international exhibition will be opened in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, not later than the first day of May, 1903, and will be closed not later than the first day of December thereafter."

"In the name of the government and of the people of the United States I do hereby invite all the nations of the earth to take part in the commemoration of the purchase of the Louisiana territory, an event of great interest to the United States of abiding effect on their development, by appointing representatives and sending such exhibits to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition as will most fully illustrate their resources, their industries and their progress in civilization."

"In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed."

"Done at the city of Washington, this 20th day of August, 1901, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-sixth."

(Seal.) WILLIAM McKINLEY.

"By the President,"

"John Hay, Secretary of State."

Brief News Items.

C. A. Oregon, supervising engineer of the Daily Construction Company, New York, killed himself, at Brooklyn, by shooting.

At Appleby, Tex., John Tindall was thrown from a mule and sustained injuries which caused his death in a few minutes.

Jacob Ruth was killed and John Heller, fatally injured by the breaking of an elevator on which they were working at Wheeling, W. Va. They fell four stories.

E. W. Carleton, city editor of the Journal, Mo., Daily Globe, shot himself through the heart in the newspaper office and died almost instantly.

Edgar A. Allen, now superintendent of the Quepaw Indian School in Indian Territory, has been appointed assistant superintendent of the Carlisle Indian School at Carlisle, Pa.

States Treasurer, Roberts has reason to believe that a person a condor.

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LAW BAN ON PICKETS.

Union Men Enjoined From Acting as Sentinels.

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BANK OF ANTIOCH.

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General
Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH
Lv. Chicago. Ar. at Antioch
8:30 AM—No. 5, Daily ex Sunday 10:45 AM
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex Sunday 3:15 PM
4:00 PM—No. 13, Daily 6:30 PM
8:30 AM—No. 8, Sunday Special 10:45 AM
6:00 PM—Daily Except Sunday 8:15 PM
6:35 P. M.—Saturday only 8:30 P. M.

GOING SOUTH
Lv. Antioch. Ar. Chicago
6:30 AM—No. 14, Daily 10:45 AM
11:17 AM—No. 8, Daily ex Sunday 3:15 PM
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday 6:25 PM
9:10 PM—No. 2, Daily 10:45 PM
6:35 PM—Sunday Special 8:30 AM
6:45 PM—Daily Except Sunday 8:15 PM
7:22 AM—Daily Except Sunday 8:30 AM
W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in Woodmen Hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome. J. C. JAMES, Jr., V. C., C. M. CONFER, Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 87, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brothers always welcome. L. M. HUGHES, Sec. E. L. SIMONS, W. M.

ANTIOCH LOCALS.

Items of Local Importance Collected,
Contributed and Stolen.

School begins Monday next.

Attend the Libertyville fair next week.

Attorney A. J. Stone was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Carrie Hook was a Chicago visitor Monday.

Ed. Hatch, of Chicago, was an Antioch visitor Monday.

A fine line of couches just received at James' Furniture Store.

Charles Ames, of Millburn, transacted business here last week.

D. A. Williams and Fred Smith were Chicago visitors Wednesday.

Miss Alice E. Smith, of Iranhoe, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Will Ziegler.

A special program will be provided at the Sylvan house dance on Saturday night.

Barney Naber and family left Tuesday for a week's visit at Pecatonica, Illinois.

The new M. E. church is expected to be ready for occupancy Thanksgiving day.

Mrs. Shaw of Chicago, attended the funeral of George Gollwitzer's little child Tuesday.

Walter Atwell, wife and daughter Nellie, of Fox Lake, were Antioch visitors Wednesday.

The fair at Libertyville is the next important social event on the program for Lake county.

Mrs. Herman Smith, of New Munster, visited her sister-in-law, Mrs. Henry Hegeman, Saturday.

Clara Sibley and H. Bock are in attendance at the McHenry County Fair which is held at Woodstock.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Chinn, of Kenosha, visited their mother, Mrs. A. Chinn, the latter part of last week.

Five of our local nimrods went on a fishing trip Friday and brought home 17 pounds of black bass and pickerel.

The families of James, Sr. and Jr. enjoyed an outing—picnic and fishing near the bridge on Fox river yesterday.

Patience, a top, polo pony race, base ball game and other features at the Lake County Fair at Libertyville Don't miss it.

Mrs. R. Kelly after spending three weeks with Mrs. Richard Kaye and family returned to her home in Chicago Saturday.

Next Lord's day two sermons will be preached at the Christian church on Heartfelt Religion. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

A good speed program has been arranged for September 4, 5 and 6 at the Libertyville fair and all lovers of good horse races should attend.

Quite a number from here attended the soldier's reunion at Wauconda yesterday and report a good time and good attendance. Wauconda did her best in the entertainment of old soldiers.

J. J. Morley transacted business in Chicago yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Haskins are visiting at Sam Strahn's.

Charles Dales left Saturday night for a week's vacation at LaSalle, Ill.

Miss McRabb entertained company from Waukegan the fore part of last week.

A woman and a gun appears to be more effective than an officer with a warrant.

Will Bryant and family, of Bristol, Wis., visited relatives and friends here last Saturday.

O. Brown and grand son, of Benton Harbor, Mich., Sundayed with his cousin, Mrs. M. Pratt.

Roy Pierce left for the Pan-American exposition Thursday where he will spend a week sight-seeing.

Ellis Stewart, better known as Jockey Ellis, of Chicago, was the guest of Miss Ella Levine Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Kaiser, of Tonica, Ill., visited a few days with their son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dales.

The cobbler's wife never has "no shews" and the bricklayer no chimneys, but Col. George is painting his shop.

For Sale: An improved farm of 120 acres. Good buildings. For particulars address: Andrew Strahan, Hickory, Ill. 45w7*

Lyman Blair and wife, of Boscobel, Wis., were the guests of his mother, Mrs. M. A. Pratt, the latter part of last week.

Antioch keeps the beer that made Milwaukee famous; but Milwaukee does not keep the burdocks that makes Antioch famous.

Libertyville fair ranks fifth on a list of one hundred and fifty-three, for the size of its premium list, and the liberality of its awards.

Rev. Clarence Abel and family who have been camping at Katherine and Channel lakes broke camp Tuesday and returned to the city.

For Sale: The north 76 acres of the Trude farm, at Hastings's lake. Improvements good, title perfect, terms fair. Apply to M. S. Miller, Lake Villa, Ill. 50w2

On Thursday, Sept. 5th, as per agreement, the blacksmith shops at this place will be closed. The boys will spend a day at Libertyville, taking in the fair.

A. E. Hatch, who formerly owned the photograph gallery here, suicided at his home in Burlington, yesterday, by shooting himself. Ill health is assigned as the cause.

Miss Nettie Little has moved her dressmaking parlor from 115-117 Dearborn street to 2019 Indiana ave., where she will be glad to have her many friends call and see her.

Senator Mason and family who have been spending the summer at Fox Lake returned to the city Monday. They will remain in the city a month before going to Washington for the winter.

For Sale: The Gideon Barnard farm situated one mile west of Loon Lake, containing 55 acres, with all kinds of small fruit. Inquire of owner, Mrs. Trieger, 4024 Evergreen st., Norwood Park, Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Harrison returned from their wedding trip Friday evening and left Saturday for Crystal Lake, where Andrew is employed as telegraph operator for the North-Western R. R.

Two of the Fresh-Air Fund children, one taken by Mrs. Alfina and the other by Mrs. J. C. James, Jr., became home-sick shortly after their arrival here, and upon learning that the train had gone started on foot for their homes at Chicago. The little ones had journeyed as far as Lake Villa where they were caught and returned to their homes at this place.

SIX STUDENTS of the...

COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

are employed in the office of the Simm Manufacturing Company, K. Ohio, branch of the Ohio company has discharged half its force, because of the loss of the fruit and vegetable crop.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

New Goods Constantly Arriving!

All the novelties in Dress Goods.
We are showing a large and beautiful line of DRESS SILKS

Closing out Summer Goods.
Big Remnant Sale.

New Styles in Men's Shirt Waists.
The Latest Thing Out

Ginghams in the new Watermelon Stripe New Tapestry Drapery goods.
Lance Curtains in new patterns, \$1.25 pair
Muslins in Dots and Stripes for sash curtains.
Agency for Butterick's Patterns.

MISS HATTIE AMES will continue the agency of Chas. A. Stevens & Bros. Made-to-order Goods showing a splendid line of Summer Wraps, Jackets, Coats and Dresses in sample patterns.

ALWAYS
BEST.

WILLIAMS BROS. "BEST" MINNESOTA FLOUR

ALWAYS
CHEAPEST

Agency for the American Steel and Wire Fencing Union Wire Fencing.

Quick Meal Gasoline and Blue Flame Oil Stove.

We have some great bargains in Cook Stoves—actually less than wholesale cost.
The late advance of 20 per cent on stamped Ware found us with stock. We shall continue to sell at old prices.
Garden, Field and Farm Tools.

Chicago White Lead and Oil Co.'s Prepared paint.
Devco's Prepared Carriage and Floor Paint
Murelo is the perfect dressing for your wall. It won't crack or scale off.
Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty.
Iron and Lead Pipe and Fittings.

We make the closest prices on building jobs

Winter Wheat. Choice Seed for sale. H. D. Hughes. 51tf

For Sale—30 Ewes. Inquire of A. T. White, Loon Lake, Ill. 51w2

Minnie Case, of Chicago, is spending her vacation at the Simons house.

To Rent: four-room cottage on De pot Ave., at \$4 per month, 1/2 acre lot. Enquire of J. C. James, Sr. 37tf

In the ball game last Sunday, between Grayslake and Antioch, the score was 12 to 5 in favor of the former.

Proprietor Kirk Andrews met with a severe loss Saturday: had to kill one of his private horses that had been kicked by its mate and had its leg broken.

Found—A strayed dog; species of a bird dog. Owner may have same by calling on Chas. Turner, two miles east of Antioch.

Morris Sabin and wife, after enjoying a month's visit with relatives and friends here, returned to Washington, D. C., Saturday.

Dr. Hensheim and family who have been spending the week at Crowley's cottages, on Cross Lake, returned to their home Monday.

For Sale—A good four-year-old King gelding, broke to drive, double or single; stylish and gentle. D. Sugar, Lake Villa, Ill. 51tf

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has a world wide reputation for its cures. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch, and Grayslake Pharmacy.

Apparently authentic reports are extent that teams are actually at work on the Wisconsin Central tracks south of town, lengthening the switch and preparing space for new coal yards, preparatory to moving the depot.

M. H. Dewar and grand daughter, of Evanston, who have been at W. O. Scherf's for the past month, returned to their home the fore part of this week. We are glad to learn that Mr. Dewar who came here in the interest of his health has been greatly benefited.

Wm. T. Hill has purchased of W. H. Emmons his entire stock of drugs and fixtures and an invoice of same will be taken about the 15th of next month. Mr. and Mrs. Emmons will move to Arizona. The closing out of business was due to Mr. Emmons' ill health, he being a sufferer from rheumatism, which has been a long time past. We are glad to hear that the pump has been fixed and the boiler repaired. The explosion in the explosion. Lawyer R. E. Cullom, of Dallas, has been sentenced to three days.

Shoes and Rubbers

We are continuing the Great Reduction sale of Most of these goods are from the celebrated factory of Selz, Schwab & Co., the largest shoe manufacturers in the world. Many have profited by purchasing at the reduction sale. We have just opened new spring styles of Ladies' Fine Shoes which are among the most beautiful specimens of foot wear ever displayed here. Now is the time to buy if you want the latest up-to-date productions at medium prices, while goods in little older style are selling below cost

The famous Black Cat Brand of Hosiery in both wool goods, covering all ranges of sizes from infants to the full size.

Stockings Leather Brand of Stockings for Boys, especially recommended to wear like leather.

Clothing Bargains a Big Point

New stock of up-to-date

Gent's Shirts, Underwear, Sweaters, Gent's Furnishings. Spring stock Hats and Caps

The Best Equipped Tin Shop in Lake County.

LAKE COUNTY FAIR

To Be Better and Larger Than Ever.

President Wm. E. Miller of the Lake County Agricultural and Fair Association has issued the following regarding the annual fair to be held at Libertyville, Sept. 3, 4, 5 and 6. In a little less than three weeks the 48th Annual Fair of the Lake County Agricultural Society will be in full swing.

It's your fair and of course you are interested in making it a success. To this end your co-operation and support is necessary.

The indications for exhibits in all departments are flattering. It will be our special endeavor to bring the live stock exhibit up to its old standard. On account of the intense dry weather there may be a shortage in the farm and garden products department, but the display should be a good one, for the drought did not effect some portions of the country to any extent.

The amusement program will excel this year and while at this date definite arrangements have not been concluded, yet it is practically certain that besides a balloon ascension and parachute drop on each afternoon, there will be polo games and polo pony races. A battery from Fort Sheridan with 125 men and six large guns is expected to entertain with practice drills and exciting maneuvers. No gambling device of any kind will be tolerated on the grounds.

As to the speed program this year it will be the best ever witnessed in Lake County. Being in the Inter-State Fair Circuit, which includes Woodstock, Milwaukee, Beloit, Berlin, Waukegan and Elkhorn, a line of speed attractions has been secured that could be obtained in no other way.

Special train service will be provided from Barrington, Waukegan and intermediate points over the Belt Line and from Walworth, Wis., over the St. Paul road. Because of additional railroad facilities afforded this year a greater attendance than in former years with result, in fact, indications are a throng will be on hand the last three days of the fair.

Keep in mind the county fair; plan to attend and do your part in making it a success this year.

Salvation Army's Colony. The Salvation Army commander some three years ago bought 1,000 acres of land in Colorado, to which has lately been added 1,000 more, and the task of colonizing great farms in the west with the surplus poor of the cities is being prosecuted with great earnestness and with great success as well. These farm colonies are now being multiplied in all parts of the country.

Low Rates to Buffalo Pan-American.

The Nickel Plate Road are selling tickets at exceptionally low rates to Buffalo and return, good for 10, 15 and 30 days. For particulars and Pan-American folder of buildings and grounds, write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. 'Phone Central 2057. City Ticket Office 111 Adams St. 49w4

O. O. Buck, Beirne, Ark., says: "I was troubled with constipation until I bought DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Since then have been entirely cured of my old complaint. I recommend them." W. T. Hill

Many Bargains in Groceries

A SHORT STOP at our Grocery Counter will convince you it does not cost much to Live Well and get the best groceries in the land. We handle groceries on the principle that something good is worth having, while, if you have got to eat it, poor goods are dear at any price, and although bought cheap in price yet your money is in reality thrown away—actually wasted.

California Evaporated Apples, 10c
California Evaporated Peaches, 10c
are great bargains and are very palatable. We think this part of the world would be benefited by a larger consumption of Rice. Rice is the staple food of half the world. We sell it at 5 and 10 cents.

Our line of Canned Goods covers almost the entire range of Fruits, Vegetables, Fish and Meats. Many are under the Monarch Brand.

A full line of Garden Seeds by D. M. Ferry & Co., either by bulk or package.
Onion Sets, ready sprouted, only 5c quart
A most complete line of Bremner's Cakes and Cookies.

A complete line of fine Candies.
FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY.

A Great Bargain! A 7-piece set Decorated Chamber Crockery only \$2.99

A large stock of Window Shades and Curtains and are making the usual popular low prices.

Fishing Tackle.

Oars and Oar Locks.

Hunting Coats and Caps.

Bicycle repairs, Pumps and Sundries.

Buy crashed Oyster Shells, at \$1.00 per 100 pounds. Makes hens lay.

Use Lee's Lice Killer. Kills mites.

Headquarters for Poultry Supplies.

Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs. We have a big outlet for eggs at the highest prices.

November 8th, 1899.

PERVIN SYRUP CO.

Dear Sirs:—I feel it my duty to write to you and let you know how much good your medicine had done for me. Twenty-three years ago I was taken with some kind of stomach trouble and I tried everything I heard of. They did me but little good. Three years ago neuralgia set in on me and I got so poor and weak that I could hardly walk—couldn't work any. My husband received a book through the mail, advertising your medicine, and he sent our little boy to the drug store to get one of your ten-cent bottles. I began to use it. It is strange to say, but it's the truth, the second dose I took gave me lots of relief. I kept on using it till I used it nearly one year and now I am nearly as strong as I used to be and can do any kind of work. I recommend it to all, for it seems to me it would cure anybody. I have gotten several to use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and they all say it has done them so much good. God bless Dr. Caldwell and his medicine for doing me so much good.

Yours with respect,
Mrs. ISABELL WHEELER.
Freetown, Jackson Co., Ind.
Sold by Wm. T. Hill.

Largest City South of Equator. The census returns for the metropolitan district of Sydney, N. S. W., have just been published and show that during the past 10 years its population has increased by a little over 100,000 persons. The total is now 386,859, of whom 197,227 are males, 189,632 females. Sydney now ranks as one of the largest cities of the world. It is the largest city south of the line. The United States only contain six larger cities.

Bids will be received for a remedy that is equal to Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. For particulars ask W. T. Hill.

Fishes Grateful for an Umbrella. In the extreme heat of the summer some kindhearted observer noticed that the fish and turtles in the public fountain at Woodstock, N. J., seemed to suffer from the fierce sun. To relieve the poor creatures the kindly one fastened an umbrella over the water, and swimmers at once sought its shade, seeming very grateful indeed.—Philadelphia Record.

**Soft
Harness
EUREKA
Harness Oil**

You can make your harness last longer and keep it in better condition by using Eureka Harness Oil. It is a pure, heavy-bodied oil, specially prepared to withstand the wear and tear of harness work. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.